

Exploring ISM and Star Formation  
Physics in the LMC and SMC in the  
SOFIA Era

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October 20, 2016

# The complexity of the ISM

**Multi-Physics**

**Multi-Scale (complex geometries)**

**Multi-Phase**

**Biased tracers  
(Excitation, chemistry)**

**Confusion/beam dilution**

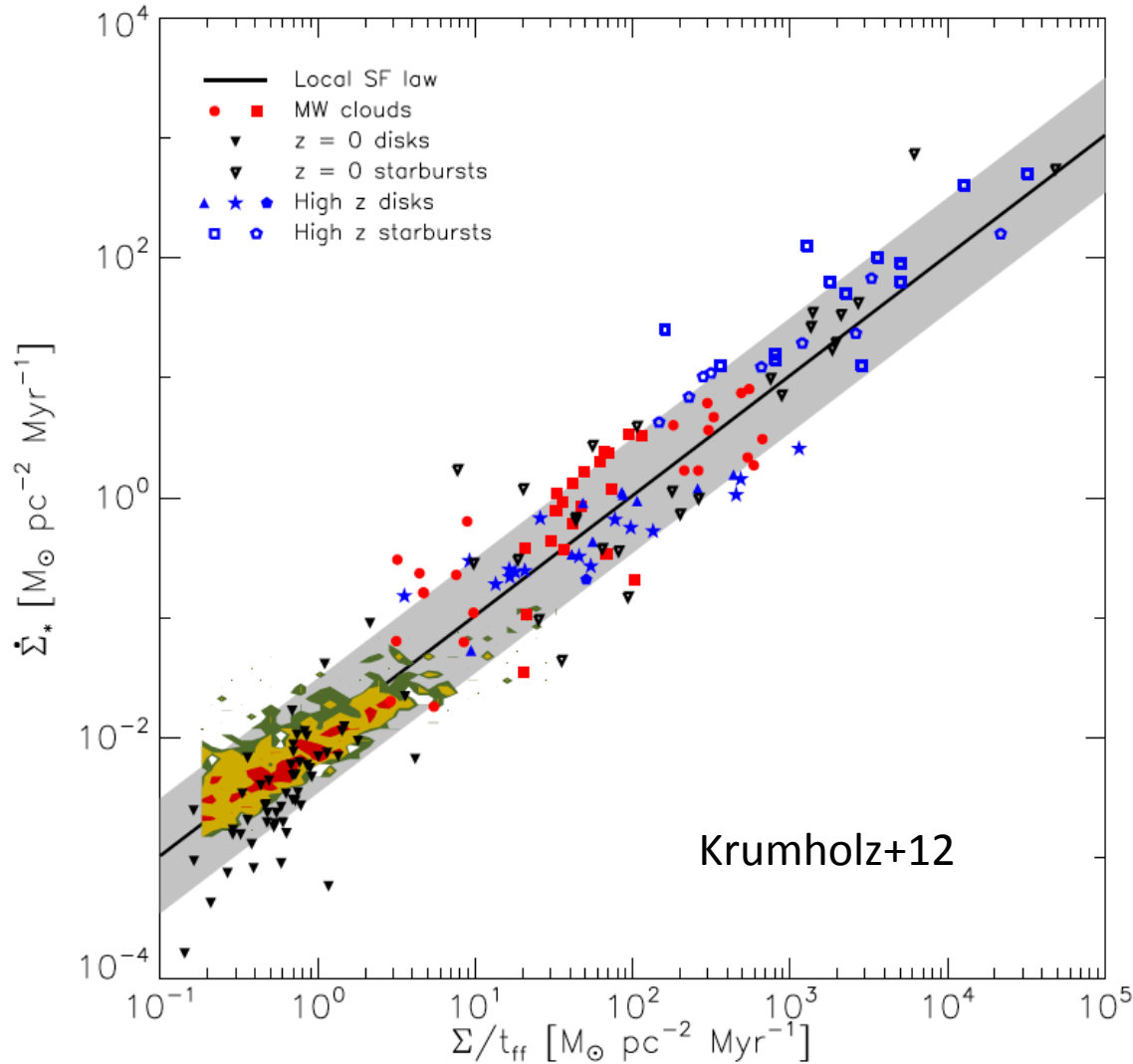
**Distance ambiguity**

**LMC R136**

SOFIA Meeting - October 20, 2016

**Hubble - NASA**

# Star Formation Relation



Complex ISM physics of SF and feedback lead to remarkably universal SF relation in dense gas

# The Magellanic Clouds as laboratories for ISM/SF physics

- LMC/SMC (currently) only 2 galaxies where ISM processes can be resolved at the level of individual stars and clouds while also getting the broad spatial coverage needed to understand the ISM on global scales
  - Providing context to ISM Processes is much easier there than in the MW
  - Sub-GMC-scale studies of SF relation possible (See Talk by B. Ochsendorf)
- LMC has face-on geometry
  - HI disk is  $\sim 120$  pc thick (Elmegreen+2001)
  - SMC elongated along l.o.s with complex velocity structure
- Metallicity of LMC (0.5 solar) and SMC (0.2 solar) span metallicity of galaxies at the peak of cosmic star formation

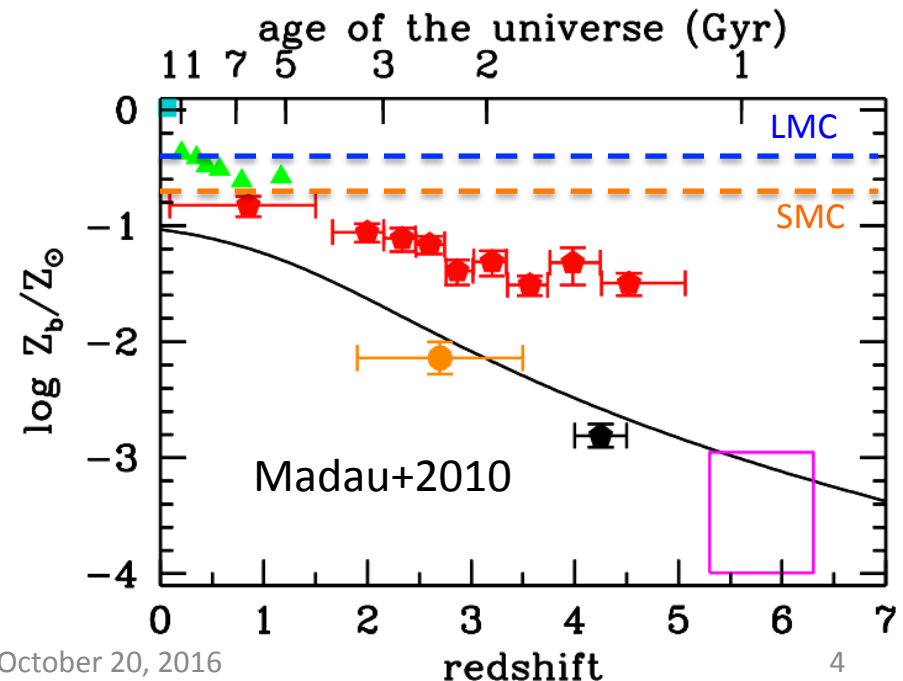
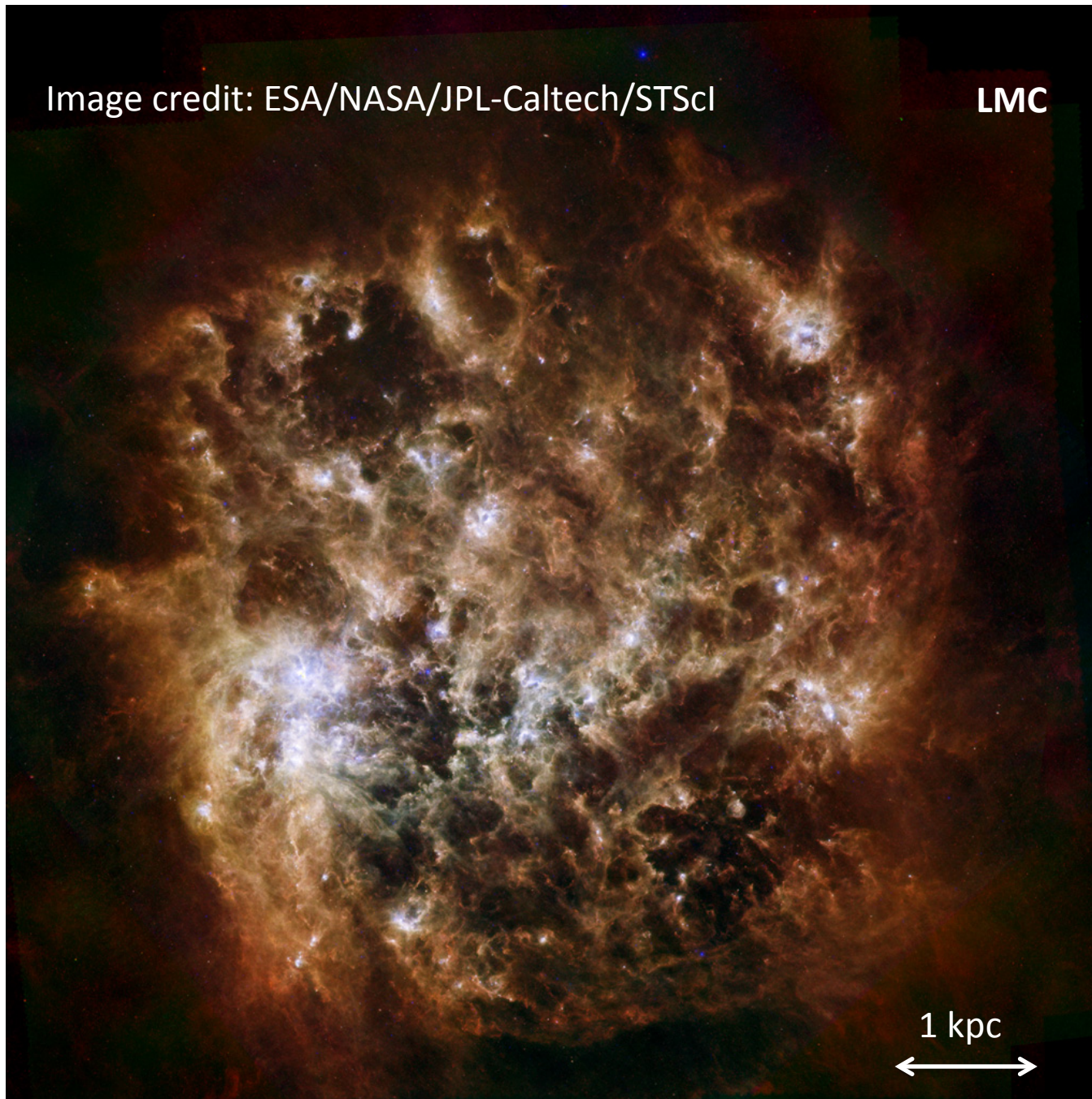




Image credit: ESA/NASA/JPL-Caltech/STScI

LMC

Herschel 250 mic  
Herschel 100+160 mic  
Spitzer 24+70 mic



1 kpc  
↔

Courtesy of Tony Wong

LMC

ATCA HI 21 cm  
MAGMA CO  
MCELLS H $\alpha$

Coverage:  
8x8deg<sup>2</sup>

Resolution: 15 pc  
(limited by HI)

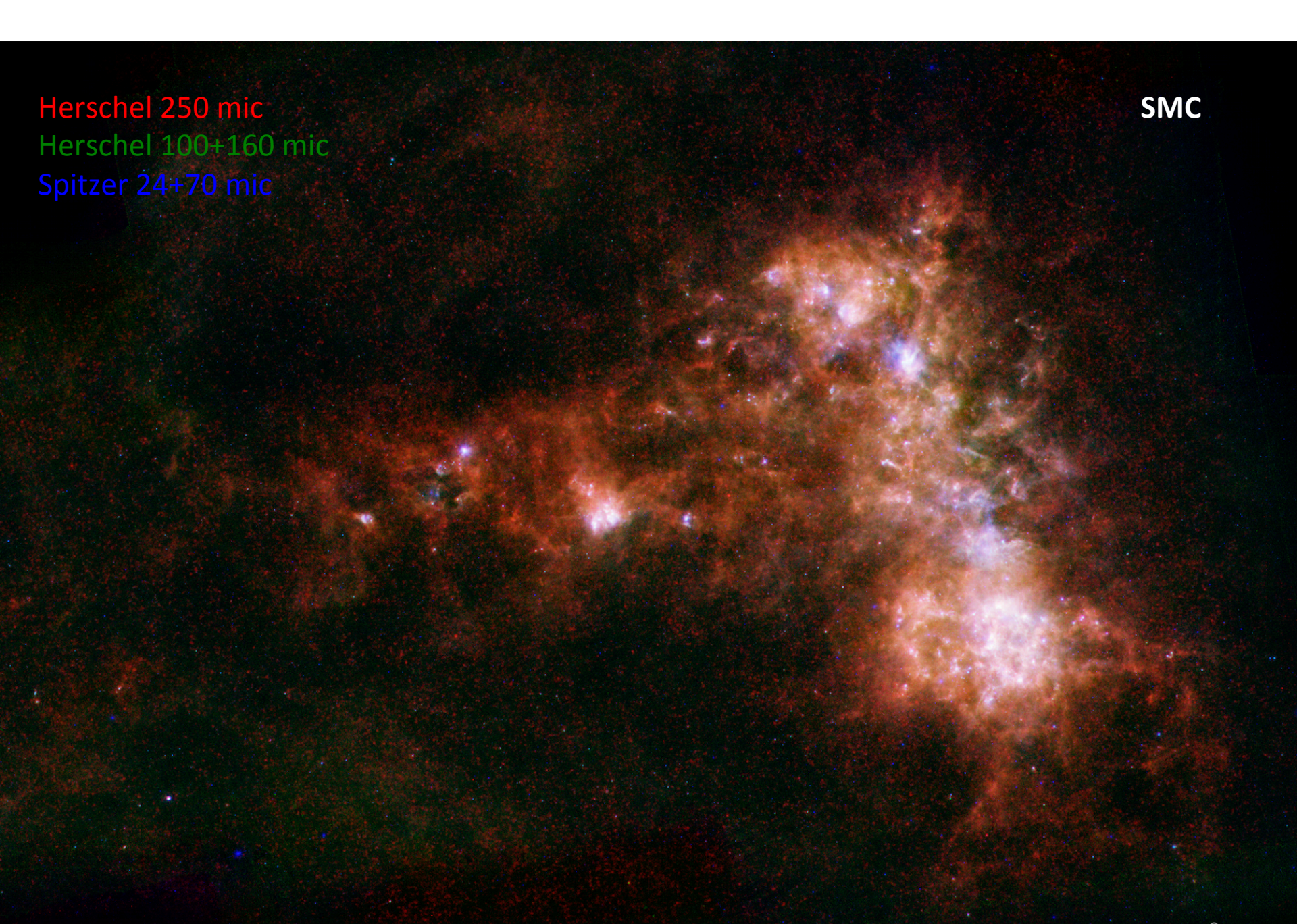
SMC  
B/V/R

© Australian Astronomical Observatory



Herschel 250 mic  
Herschel 100+160 mic  
Spitzer 24+70 mic

SMC



ATCA HI 21 cm

NANTEN CO

SHASSA H $\alpha$

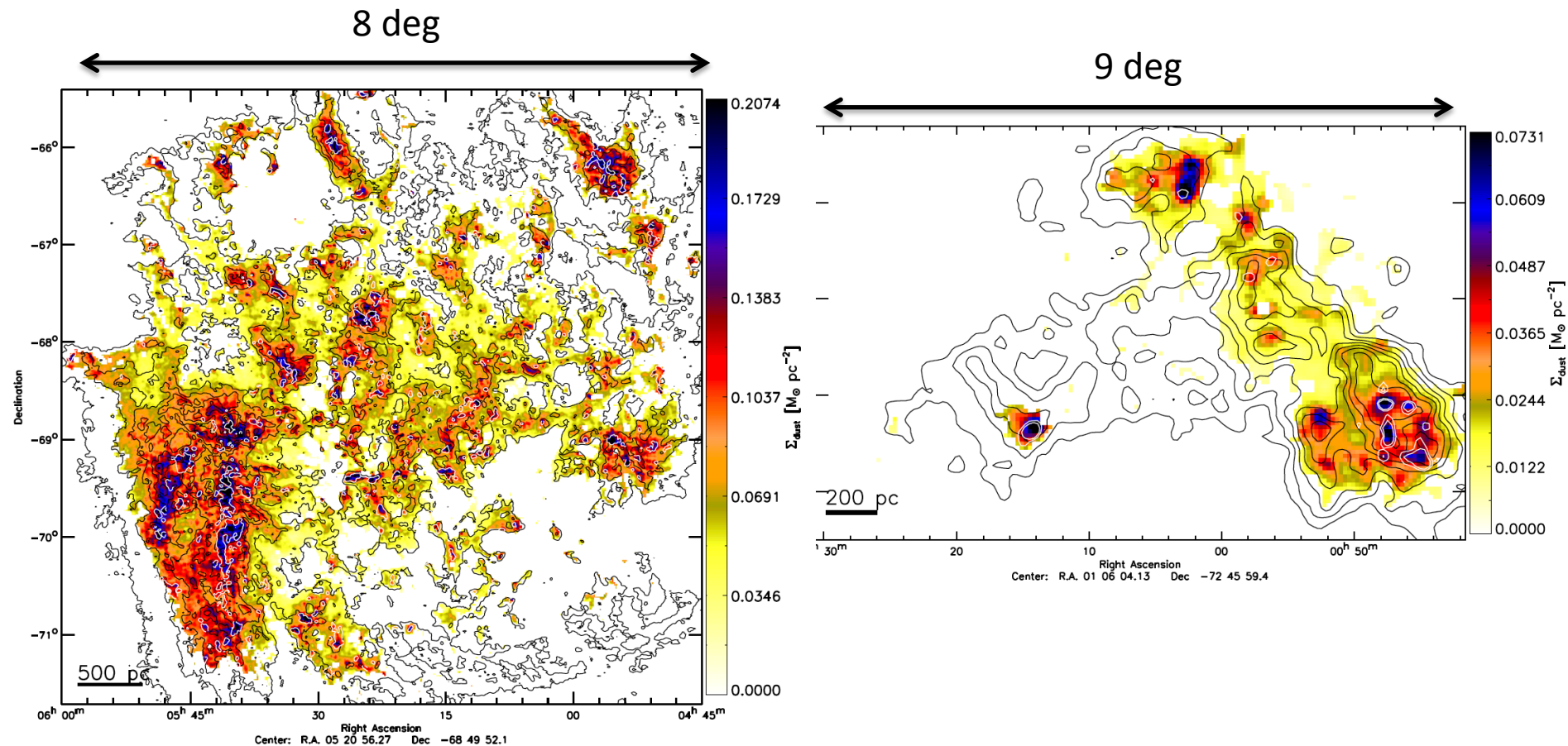
SMC

Coverage:  
40deg<sup>2</sup>

Resolution: 45 pc  
(limited by CO)

# Dust maps

Dust modeling built in a probabilistic SED fitting framework yields dust surface density and temperature maps (Gordon+2014, Roman-Duval+2014)



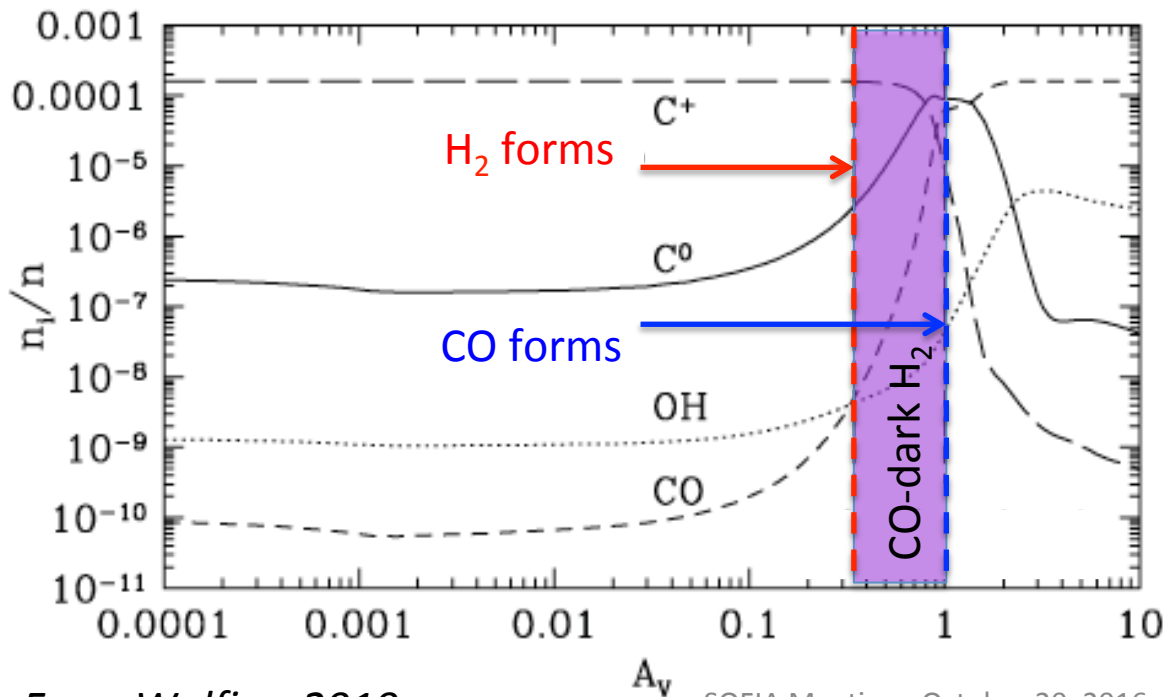
# Outline

- ISM structure is a determinant factor in the SF process
  - What are the effects of metallicity on the structure of the ISM?
- How can we trace the ISM at low (and solar) metallicity?
- What the effects of metallicity on the SF process?
- How do dust properties change at low metallicity and how does this affect our understanding of the ISM and SF?

# Effects of Metallicity on ISM structure

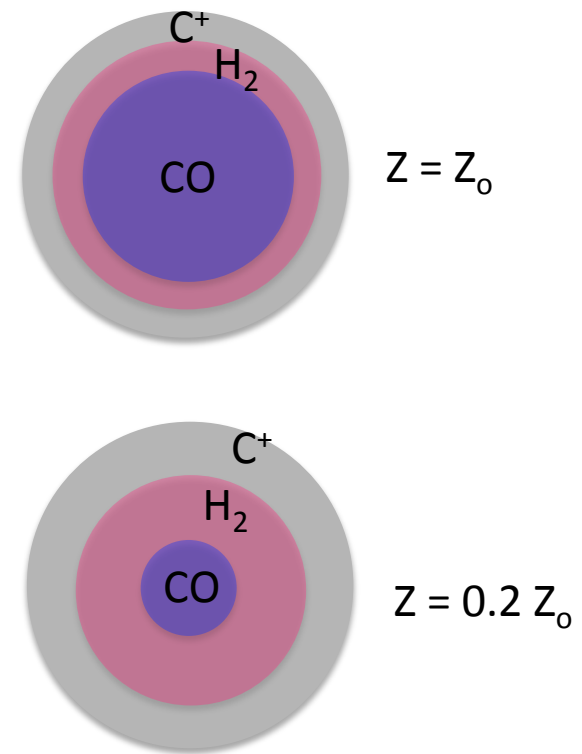
# Effects of metallicity on ISM structure and composition: CO distribution

- Dust abundance and shielding is reduced
  - Higher gas column density required to form CO
  - Filling factor of dense ISM reduced



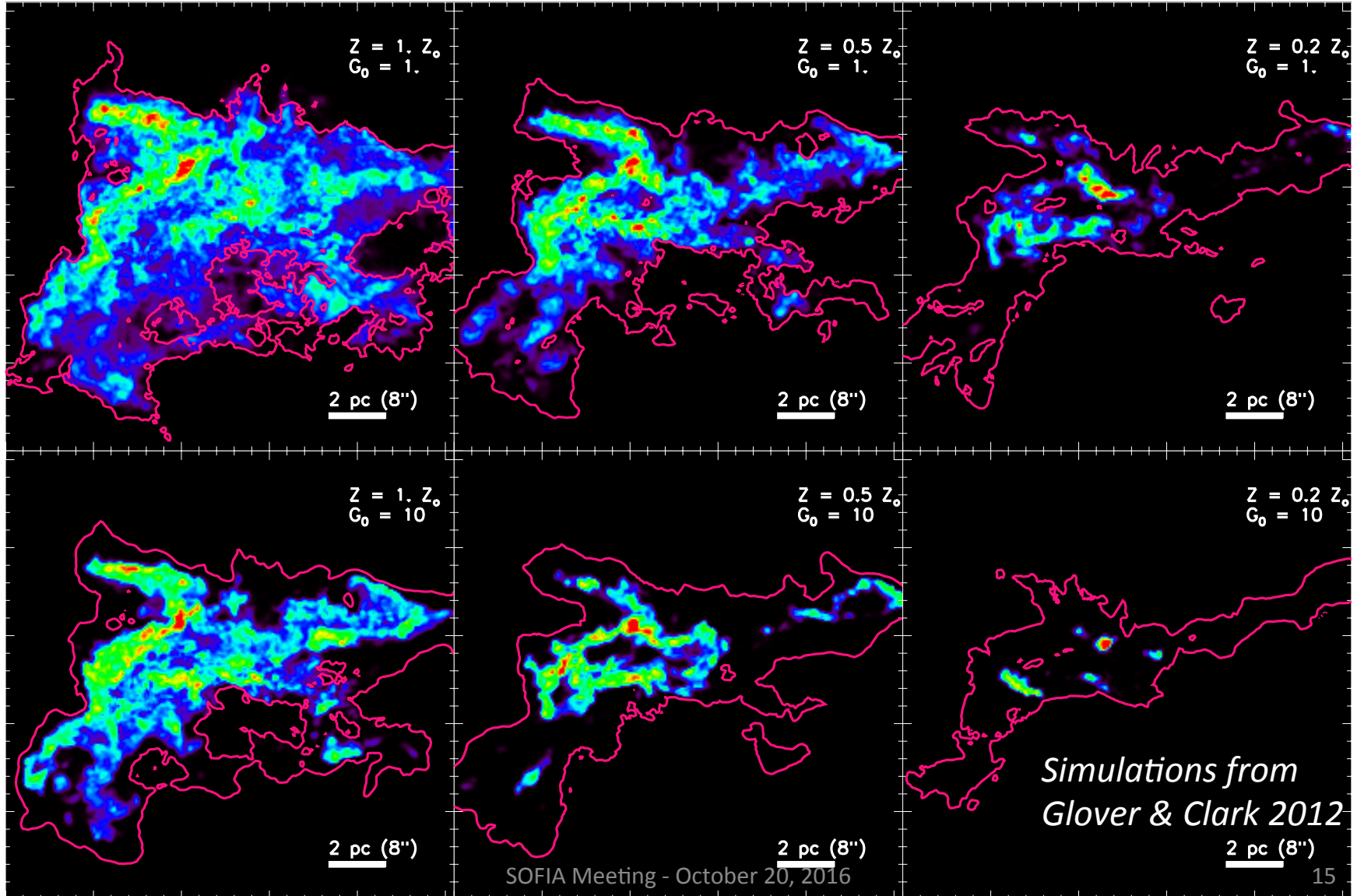
From Wolfire+2010

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$H_2$  formation timescale  $\propto nZ$

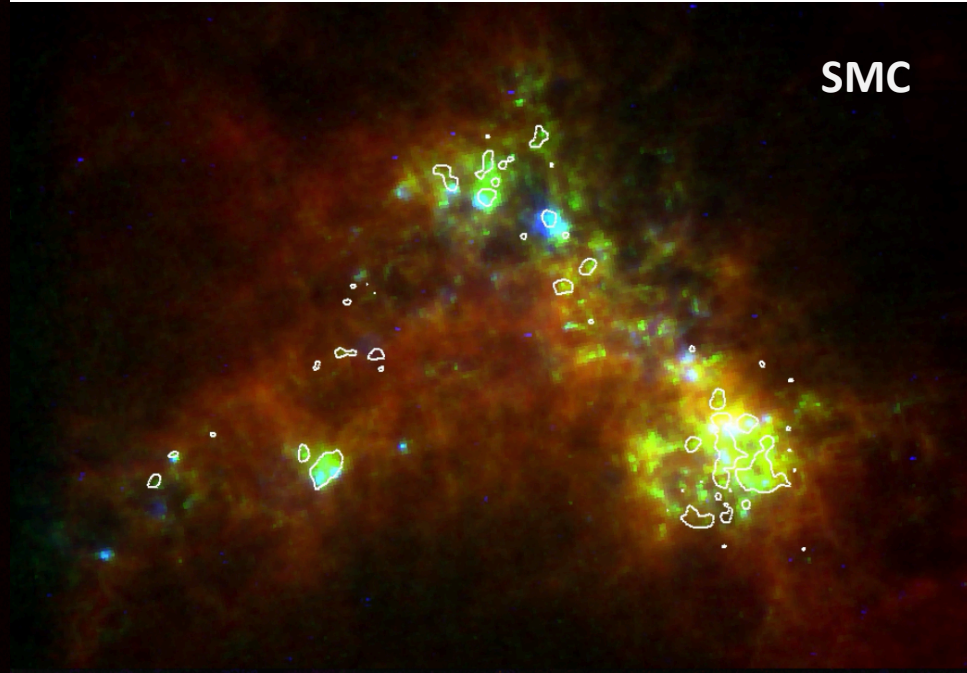
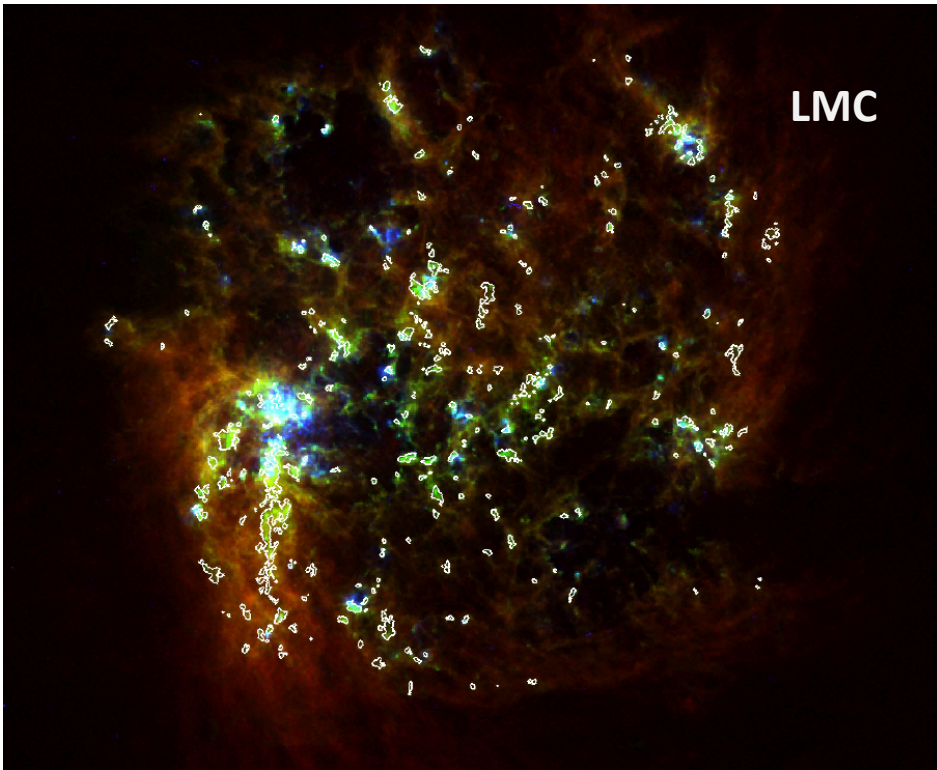
# Effects of metallicity on CO and H<sub>2</sub> structure



# Small Filling Factor of dense ISM

Lack of dust shielding leads to small filling factor of CO gas in LMC and SMC

Roman-Duval+2014, Jameson+2016



$$\begin{aligned} M(\text{HI}) &= 4 \times 10^8 M_{\odot} \\ M^{\text{CO}}(\text{H}_2) &= 10^7 M_{\odot} \\ M^{\text{dust}}(\text{H}_2) &= (1-6) \times 10^7 M_{\odot} \end{aligned}$$

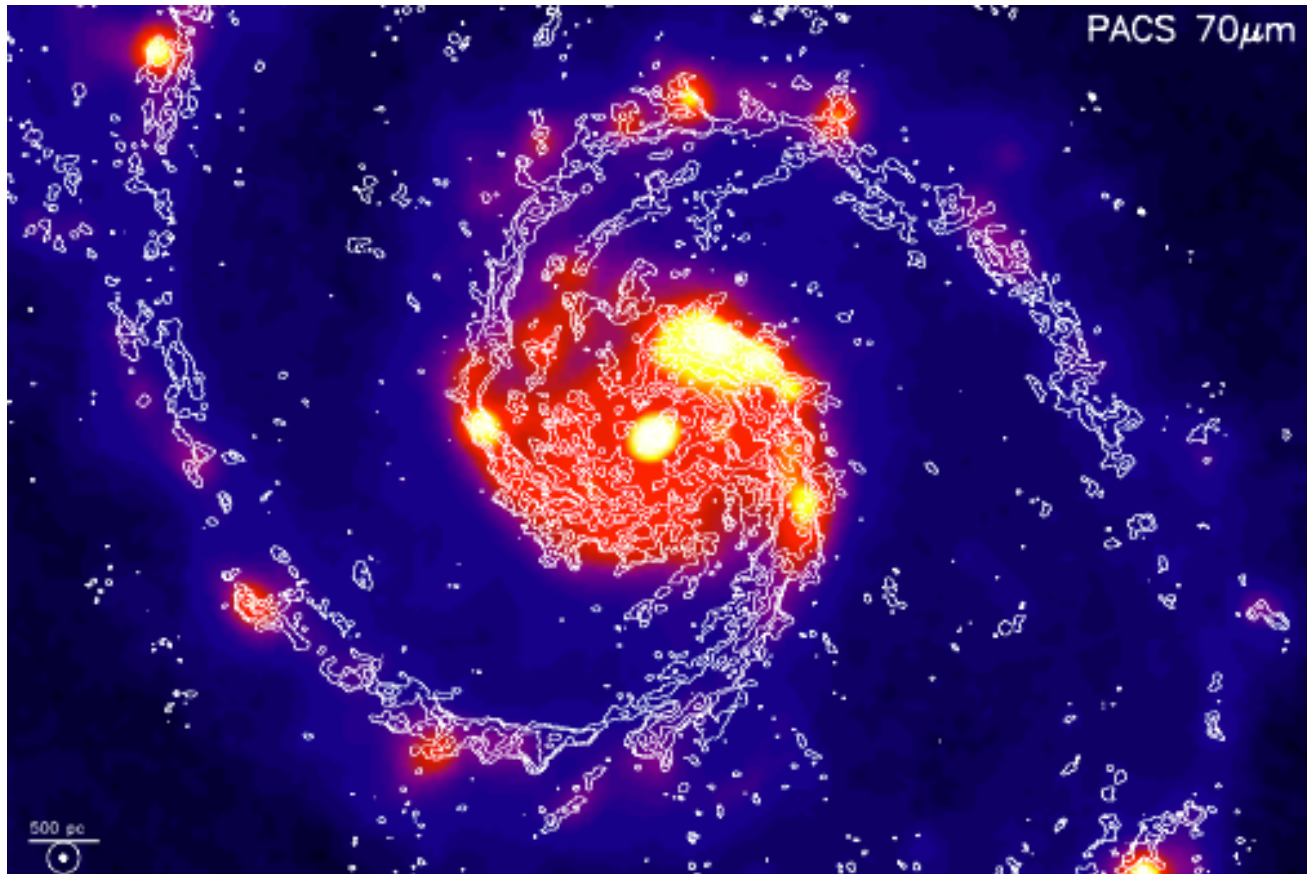
HI  
SPIRE 250  
H $\alpha$

$$\begin{aligned} M(\text{HI}) &= 3.5 \times 10^8 M_{\odot} \\ M^{\text{CO}}(\text{H}_2) &= (0.07-0.4) \times 10^7 M_{\odot} \\ M^{\text{dust}}(\text{H}_2) &= (0.2-2) \times 10^7 M_{\odot} \end{aligned}$$



# Comparison to M51

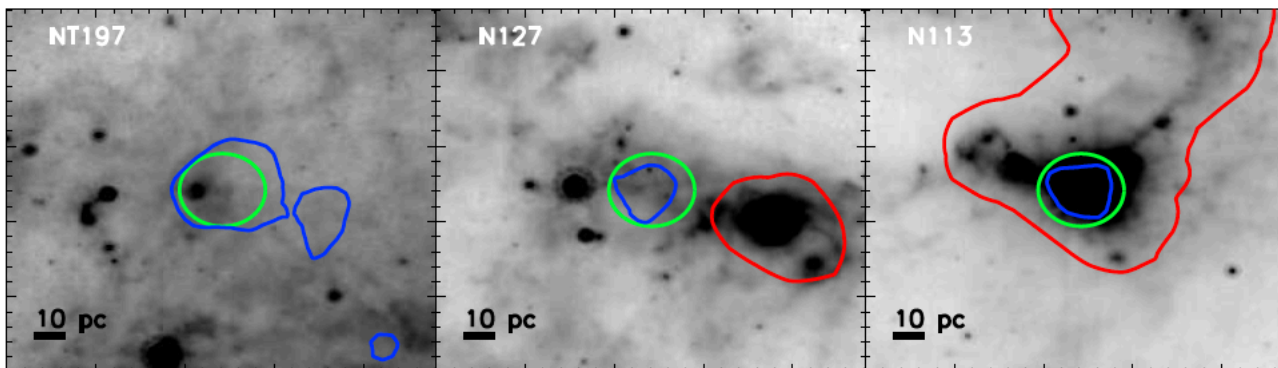
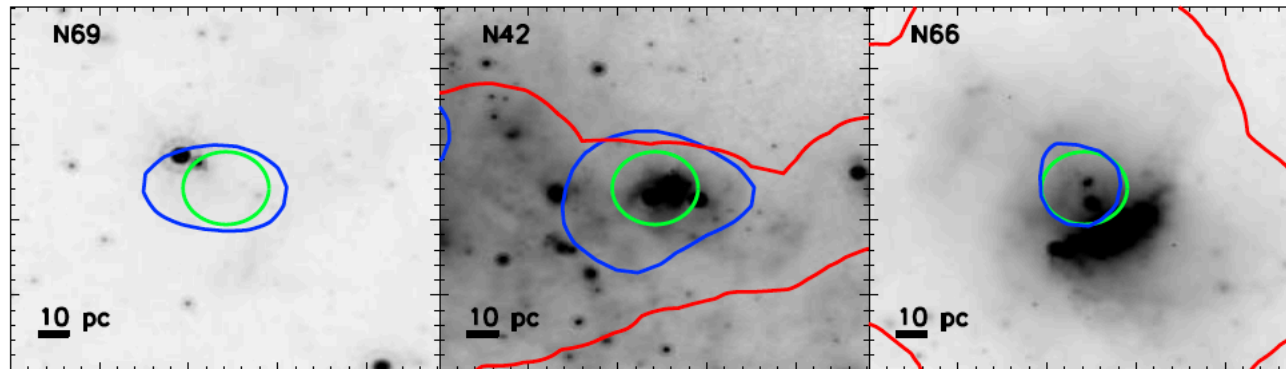
CO from PAWS (Schinnerer+2013, PdBI)



$$M(\text{HI}) = 2.8 \times 10^9 M_{\odot}$$
$$M^{\text{CO}}(\text{H}_2) = 6.2 \times 10^9 M_{\odot}$$

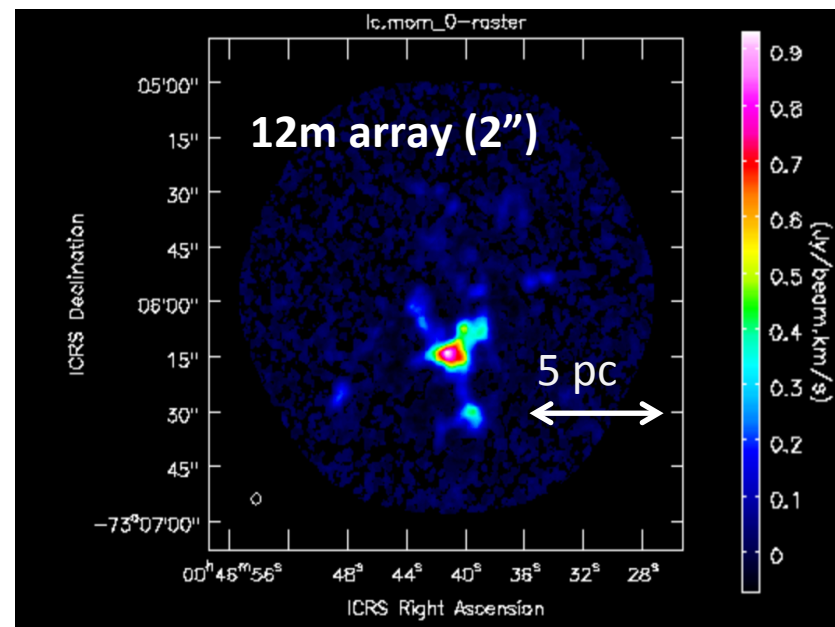
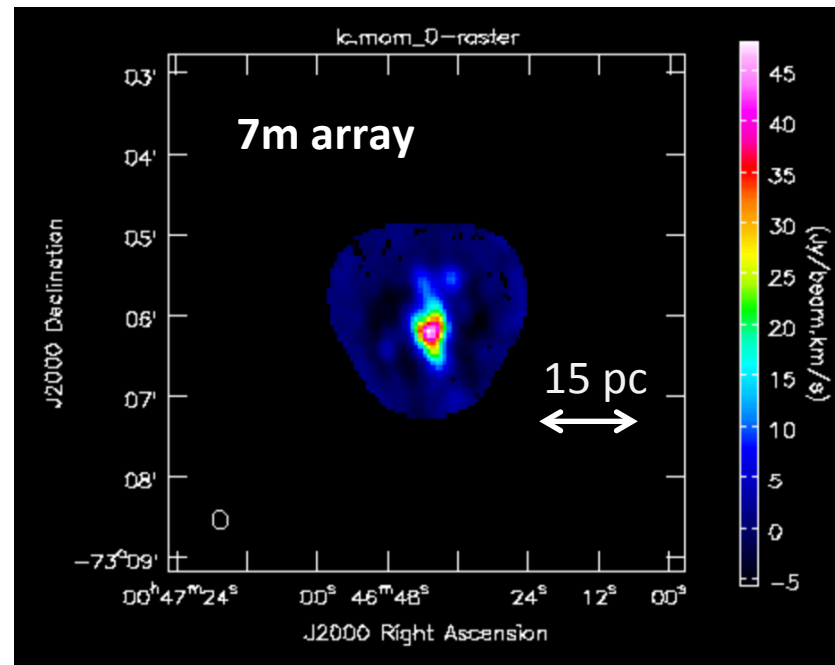
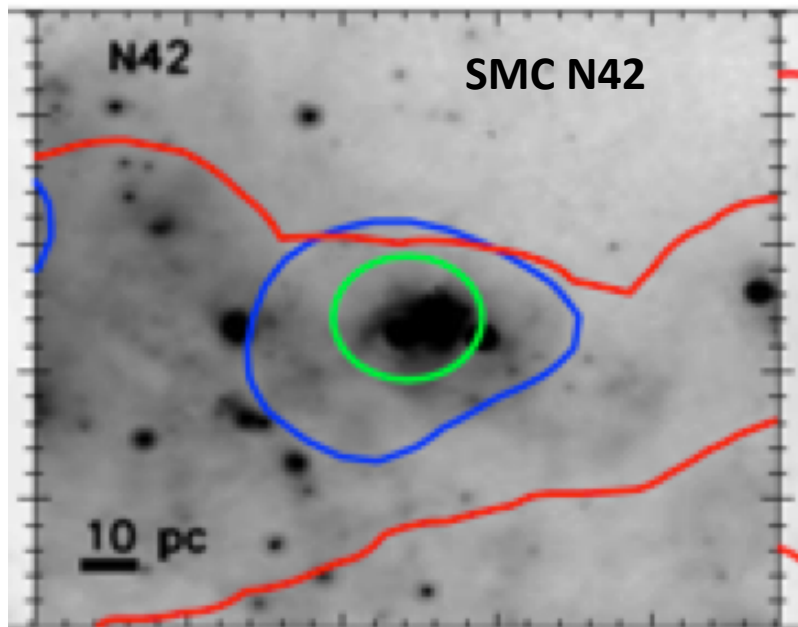
# Characterizing CO structure at low metallicity with ALMA

- Cycle 4 ALMA program to map  $^{12}\text{CO}$ ,  $^{13}\text{CO}$ , C $^{18}\text{O}$  1-0 and 2-1
  - 6 regions in LMC and SMC spanning range of  $G_0$
- Tony Wong has another program to map 4 more regions



# Characterizing CO structure at low metallicity with ALMA

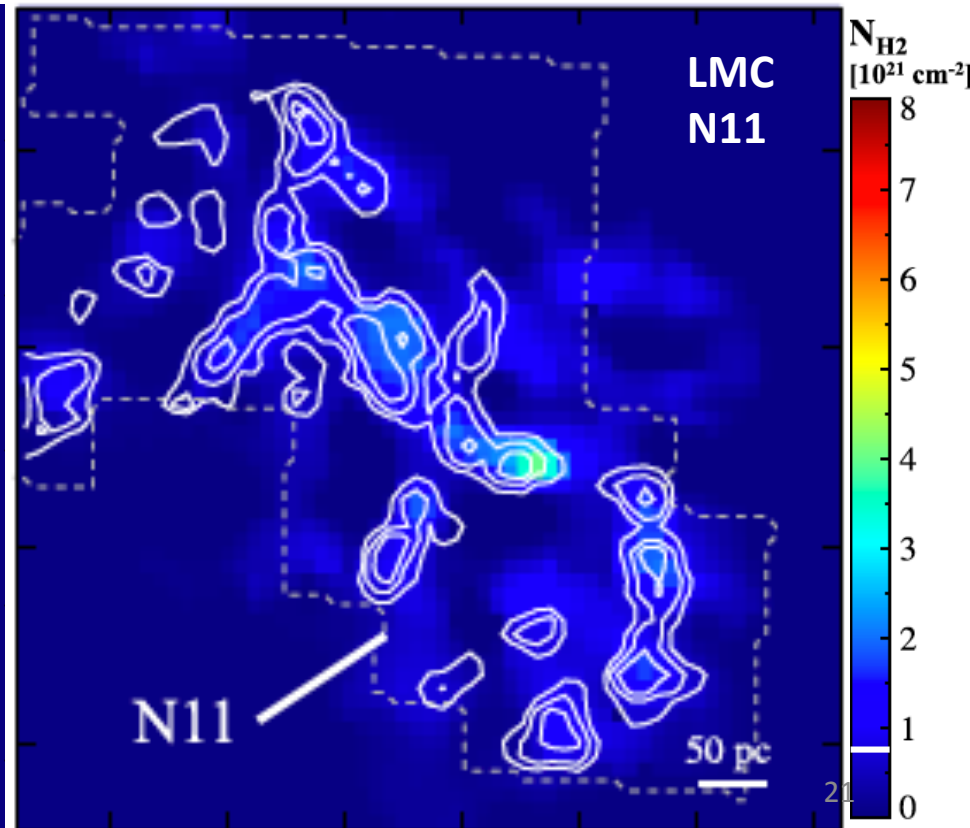
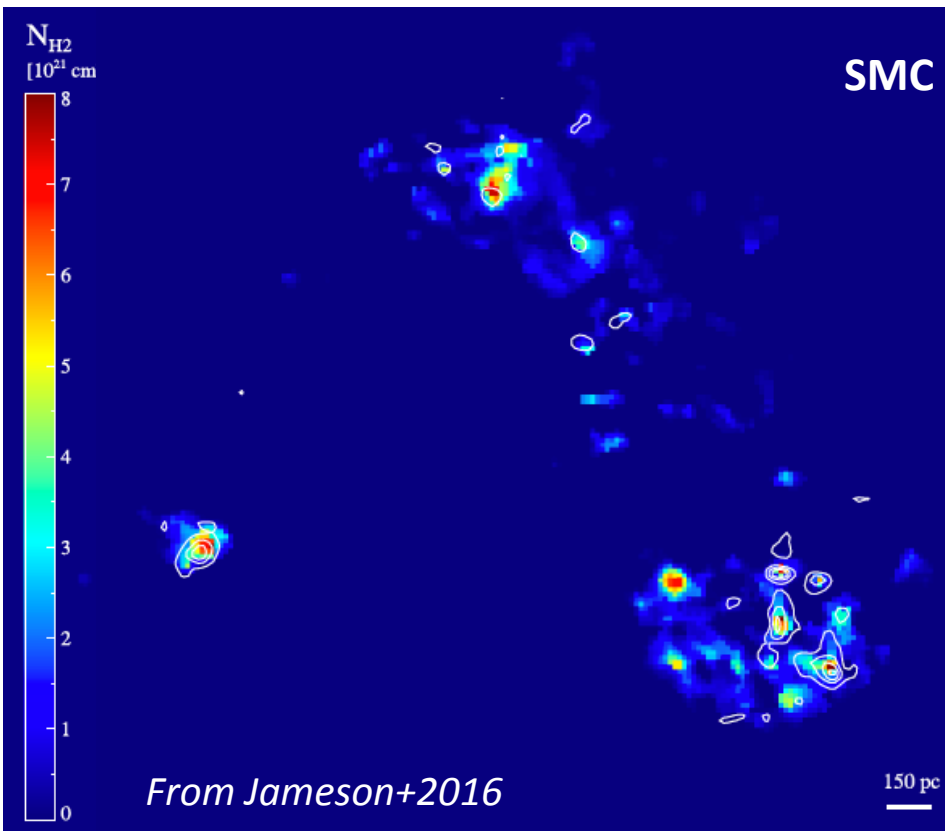
Follow up with SOFIA in CII?



# Tracing the low-metallicity ISM with FIR spectroscopy

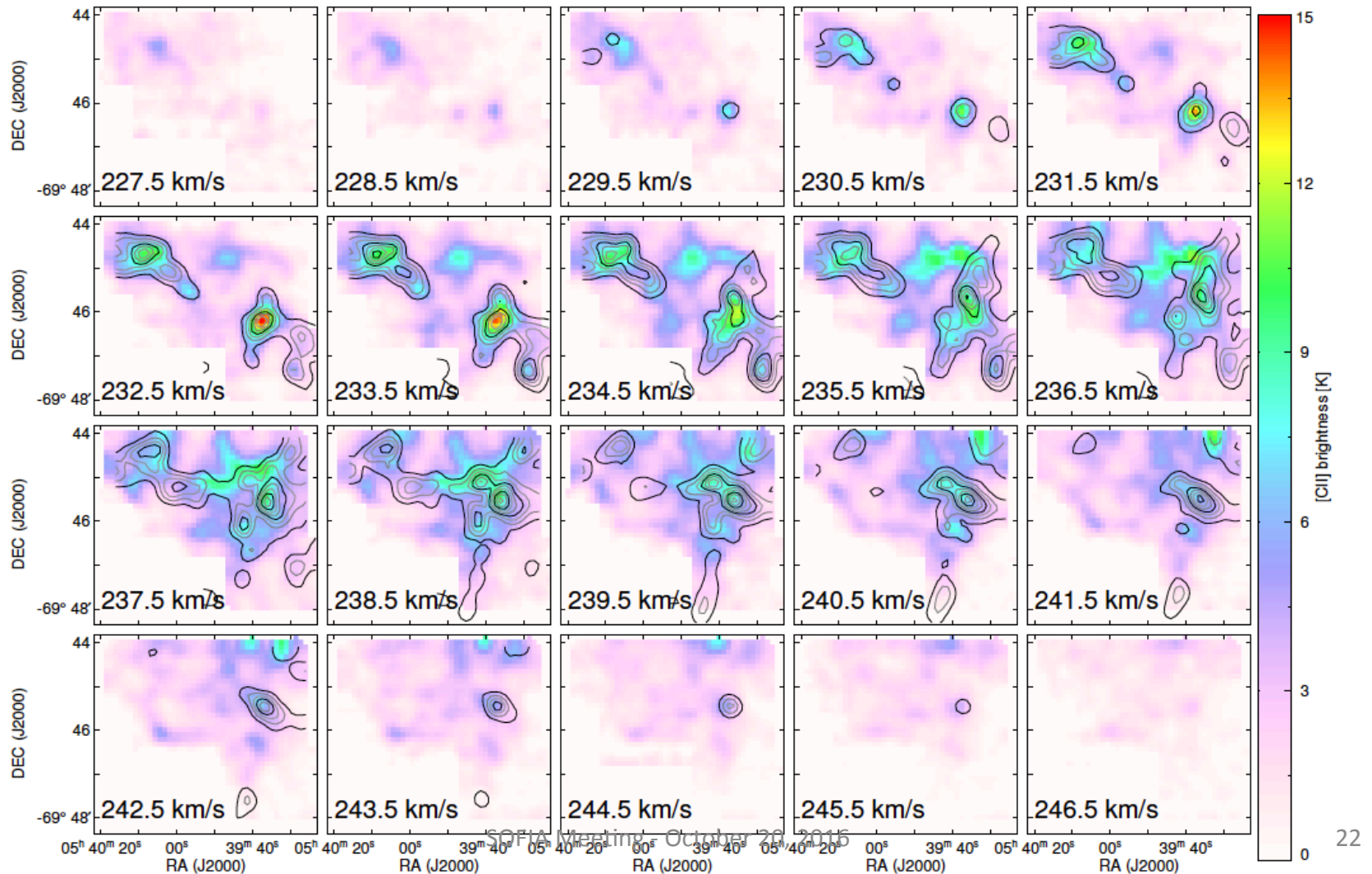
# Dust-based H<sub>2</sub> maps

- The CO-dark H<sub>2</sub> can be traced from its dust emission
  - $\Sigma(\text{H}_2) = G/D \times \Sigma_{\text{dust}} - \Sigma(\text{HI})$  (See Jameson+2016)
  - Large systematic uncertainties (x2-3) due to degeneracy between dust mass/emissivity and G/D uncertainty and variations



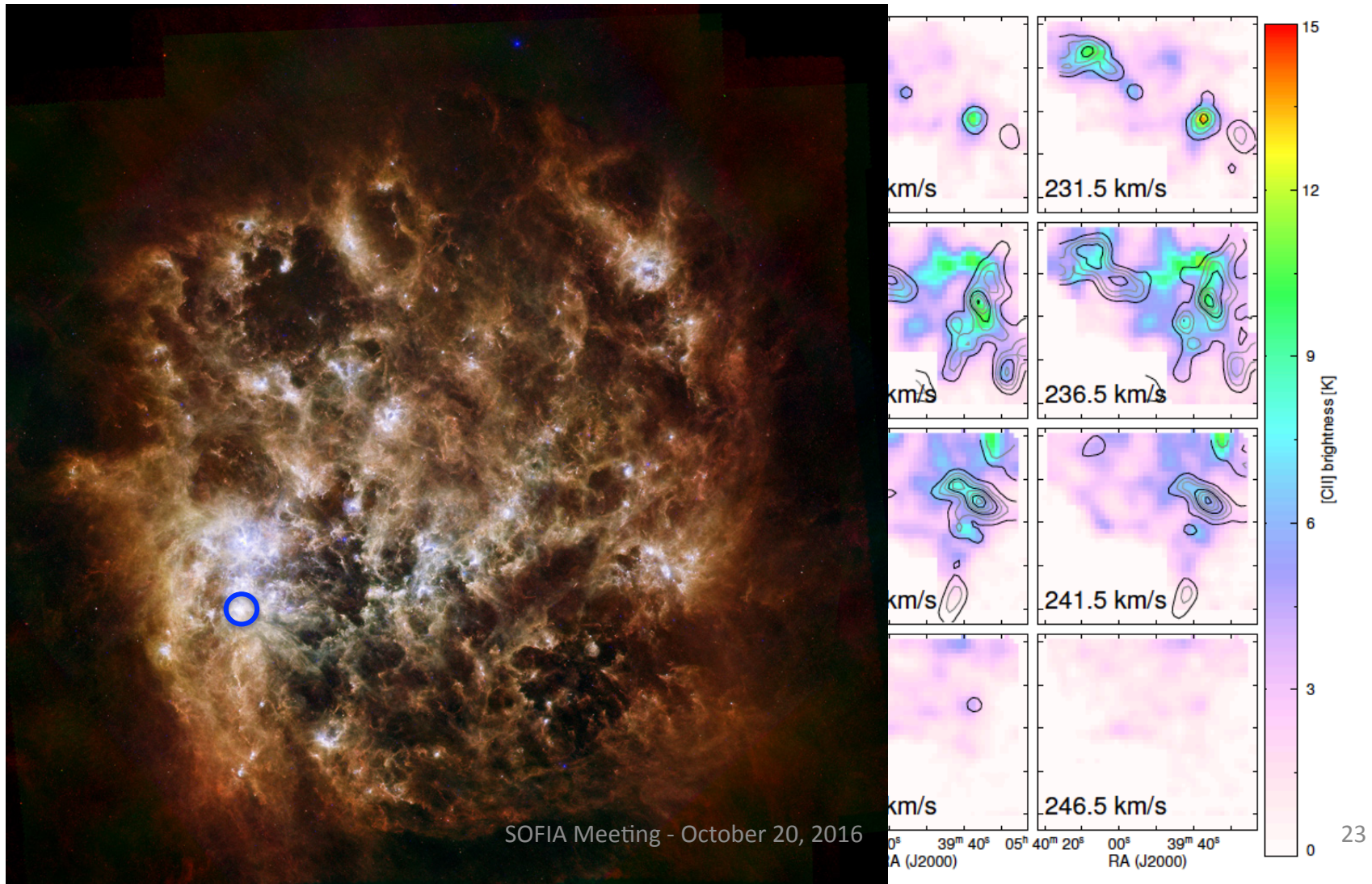
# SOFIA can observe [CII] in the LMC

- Okada+2015 mapped N159 (LMC) in [CII] with GREAT
- [CII] more extended than CO 3-2 (black contours, from APEX)



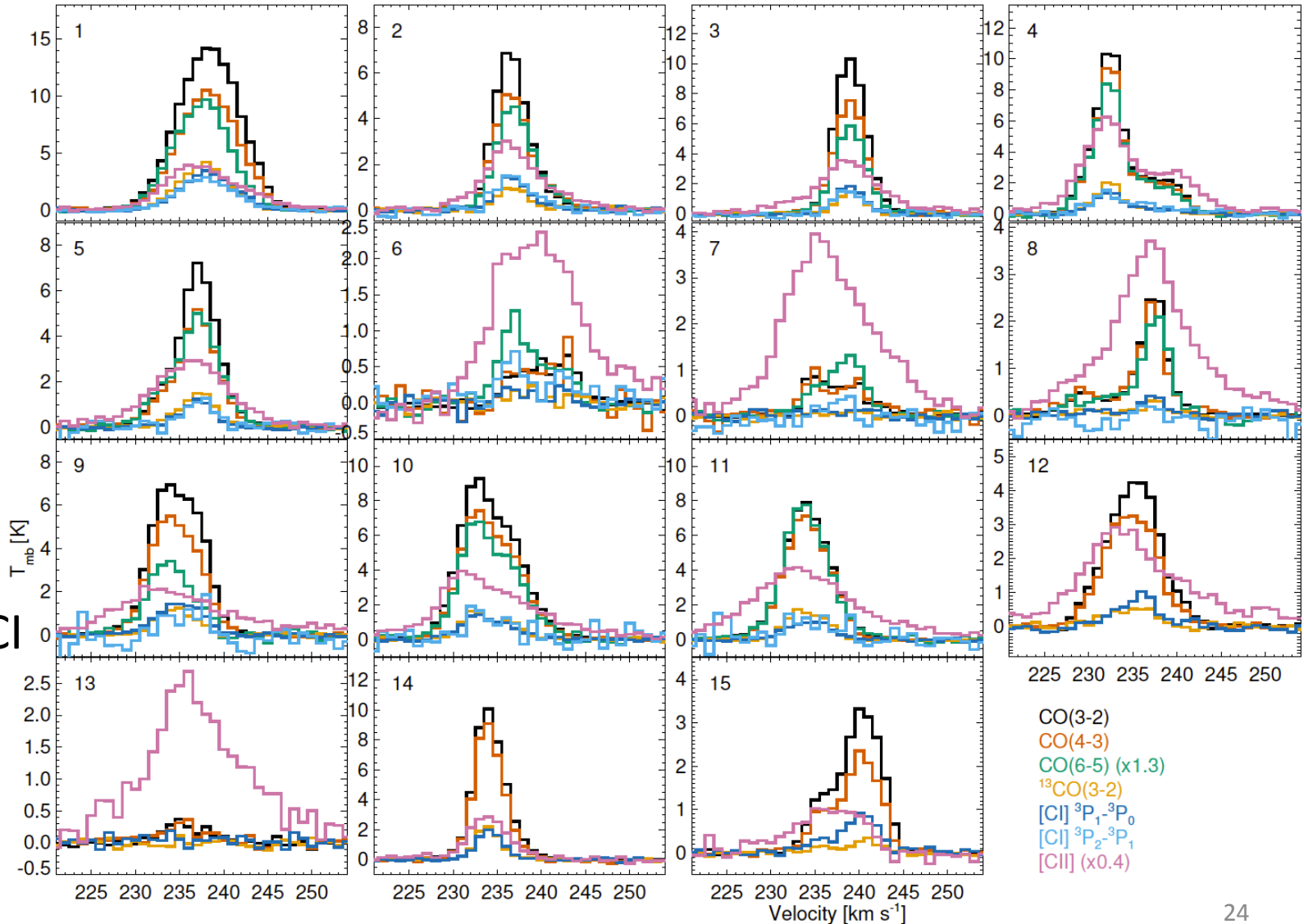
# SOFIA can observe [CII] in the LMC

- Okado+2015 mapped N159 (LMC) in [CII] with GREAT
- [CII] more extended than CO 3-2 (black contours, from APEX)



# [CII] velocity structure in N159

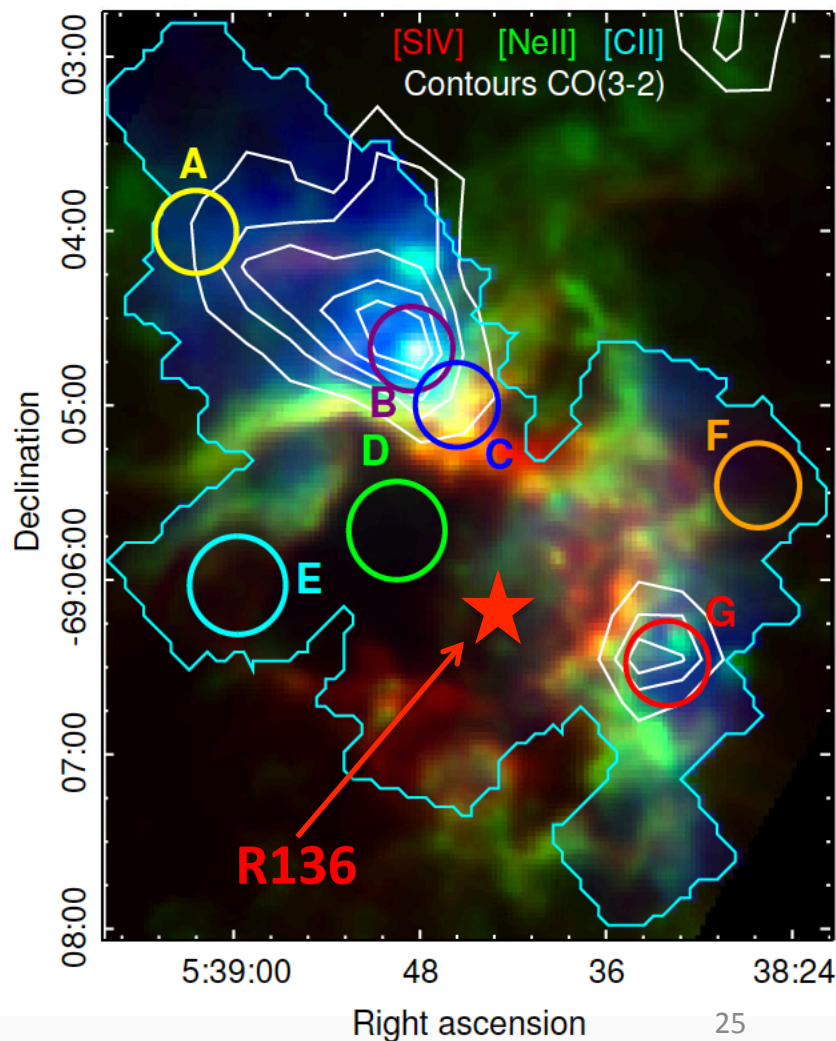
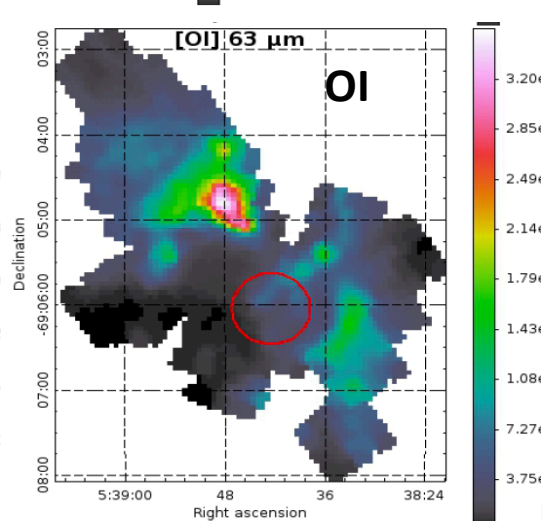
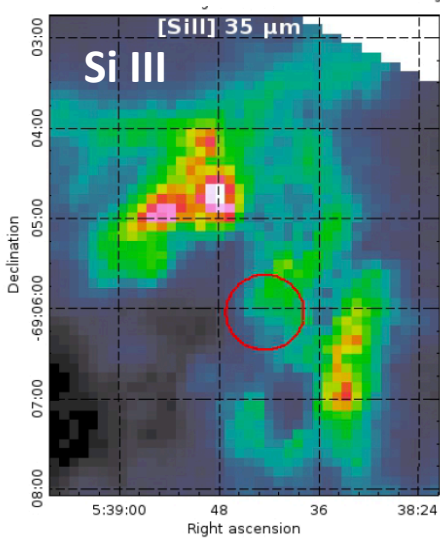
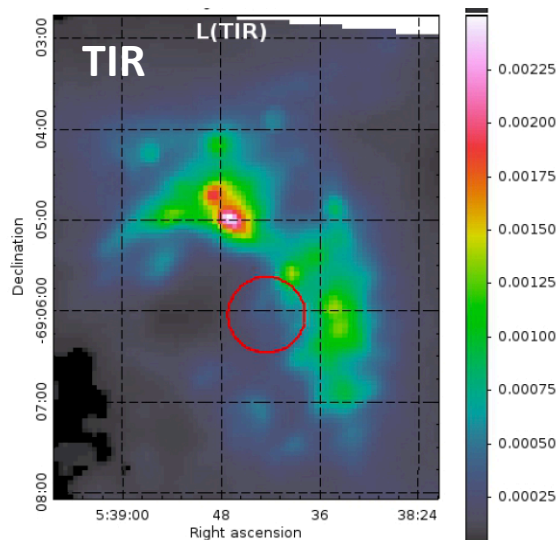
[CII]  
spectrally  
more  
extended  
than CO, CI





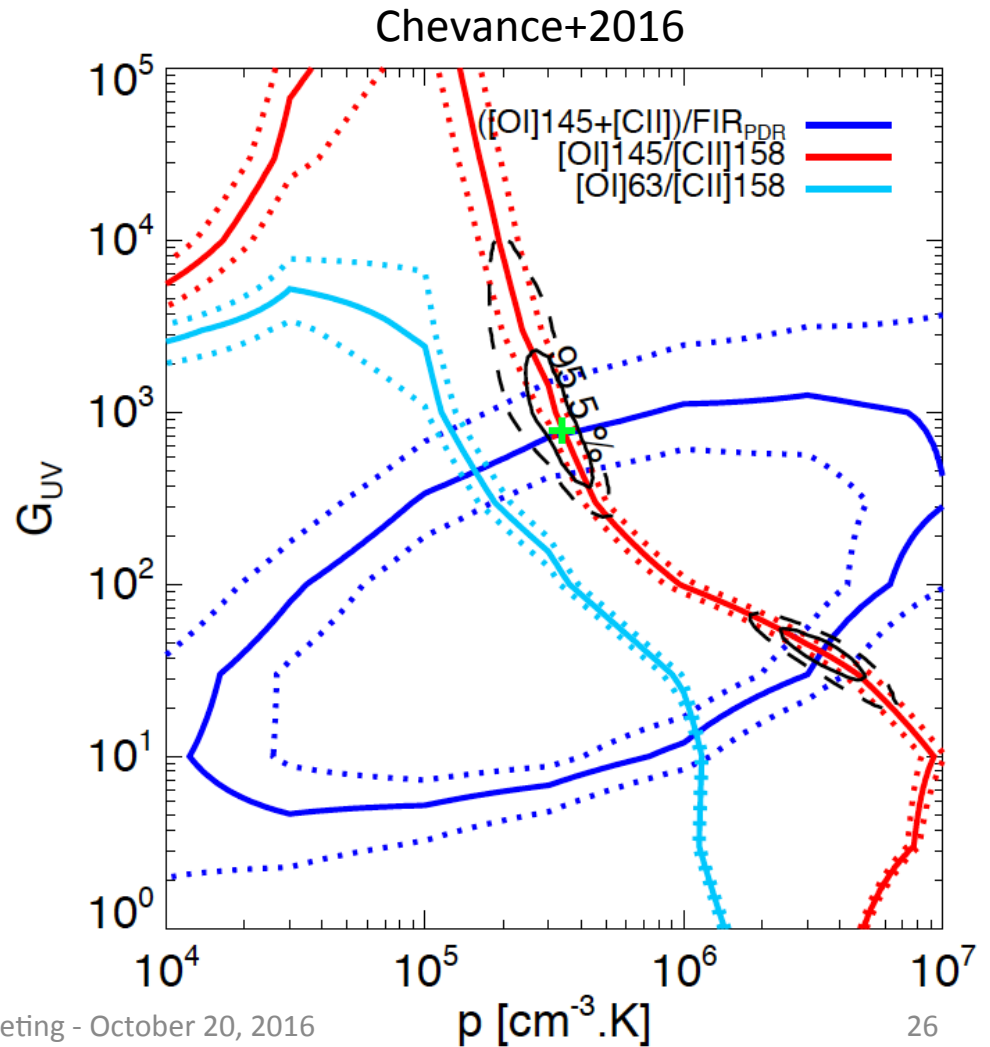
# Characterizing the ISM in 30-Dor

- Wealth of FIR data in LMC 30-Doradus (Chevance+2016)
  - Herschel PACS, SPIRE/FTS, Spitzer/IRS, Mopra, Aste



# Tracing H<sub>2</sub> in 30-Dor with [CII]

- PDR modeling provides density distribution and radiation field
- CII originates in hot, dense molecular gas

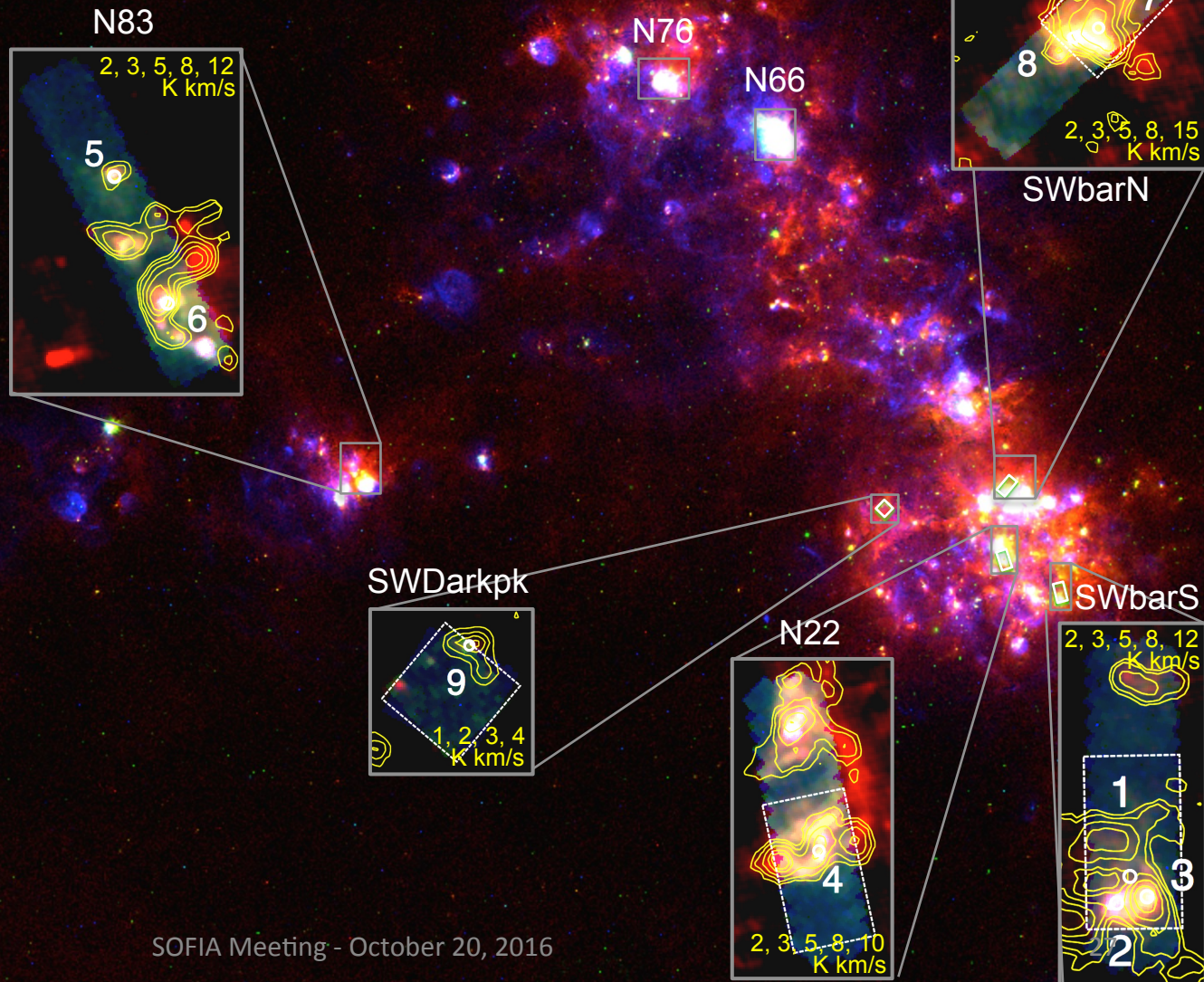


# Herschel Spectroscopic Survey of the SMC (HS<sup>3</sup>)

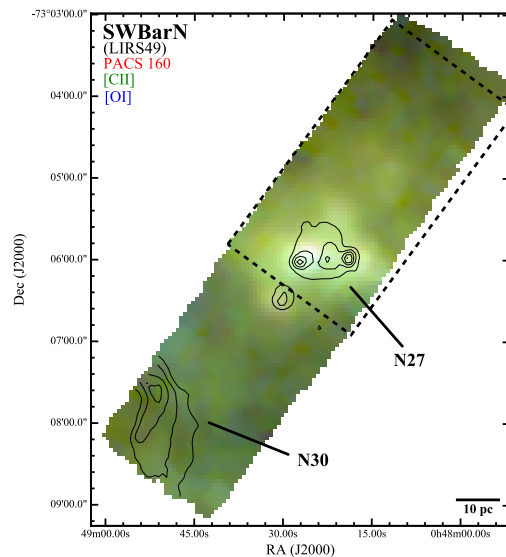
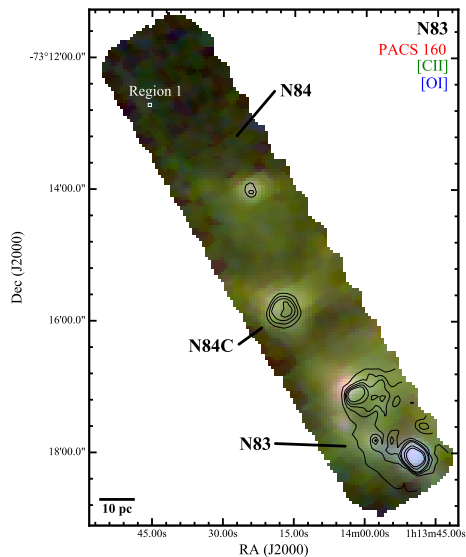
PI: Bolatto; Jameson+ *in prep*

PACS 160  $\mu\text{m}$   
MIPS 24  $\mu\text{m}$   
MCELS H $\alpha$

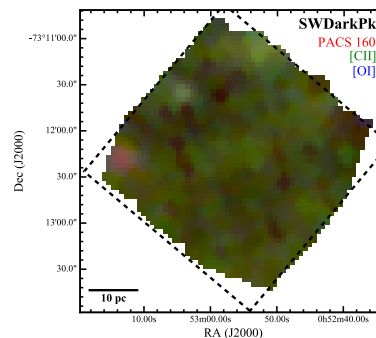
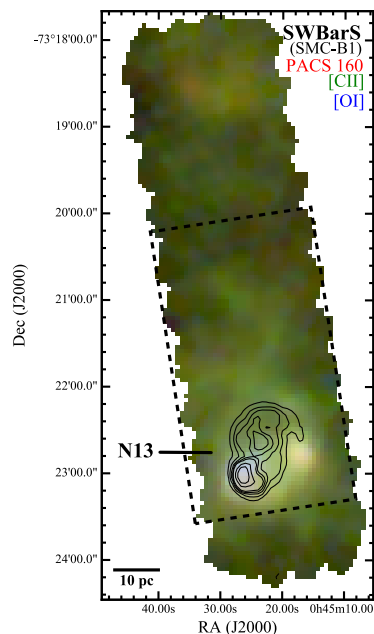
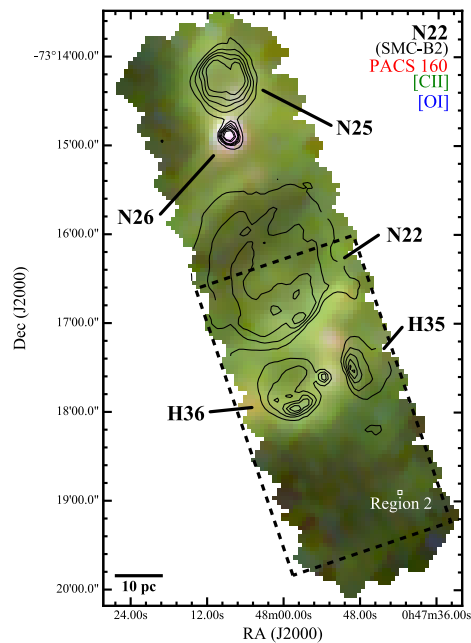
PACS 160  $\mu\text{m}$   
PACS [CII]  
PACS [OI]  
APEX <sup>12</sup>CO (2-1)  
(PI: Rubio)  
○ GREAT Pointing



# Results from HS<sup>3</sup>



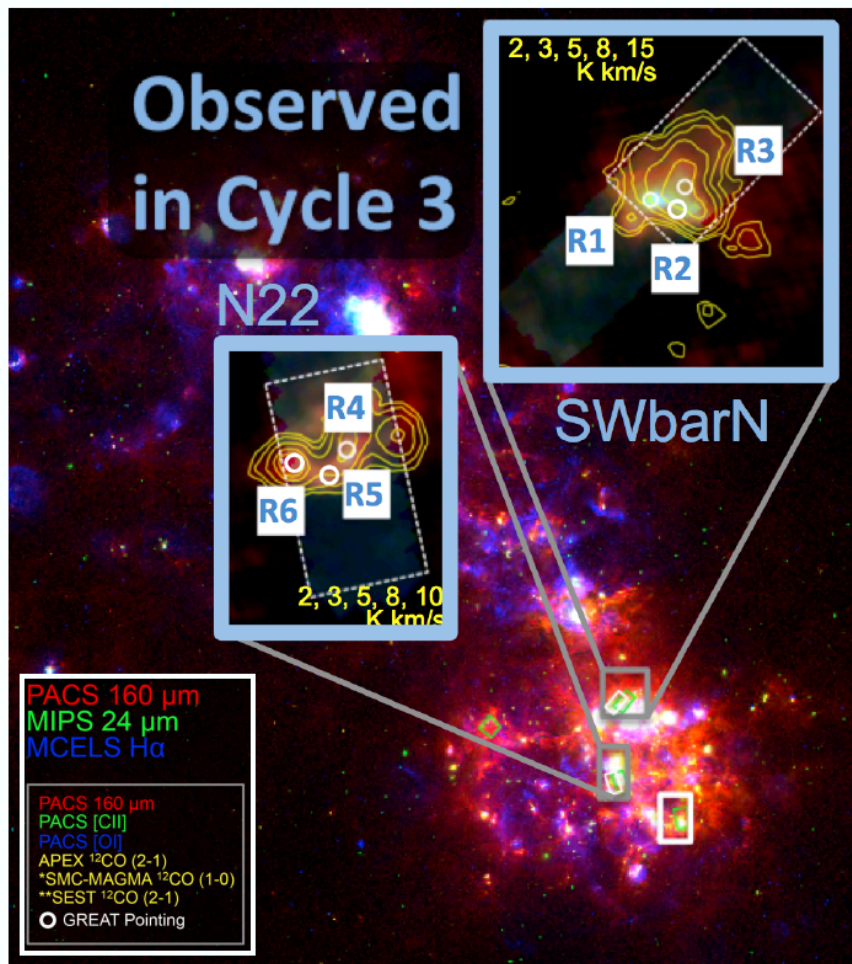
– [CII] and [OI] are detected throughout the regions



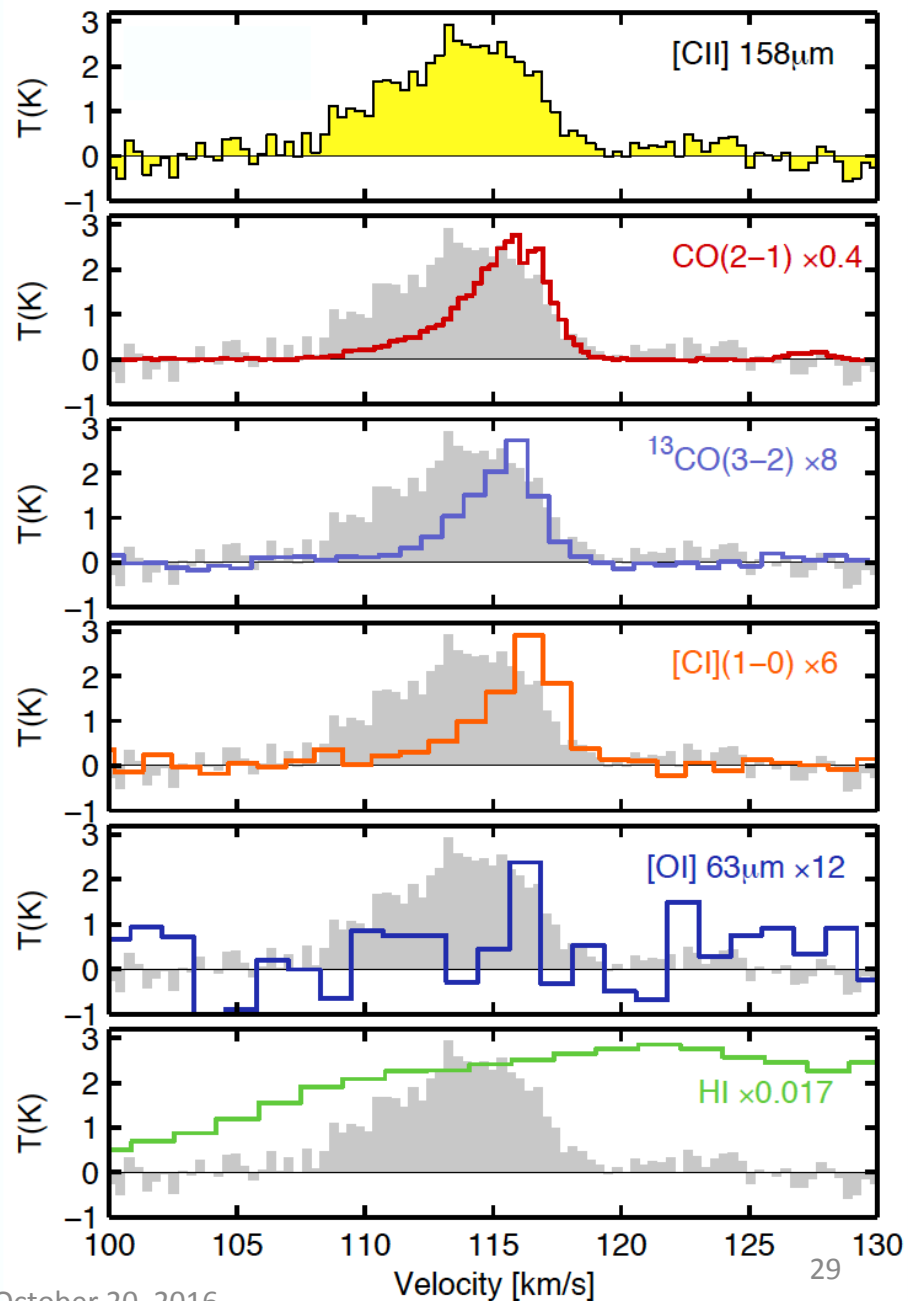
# “The GREAT [CII] Account of the Low-Metallicity ISM in the SMC”

PI Herrera-Camus (MPE)

*Herrera-Camus, in prep*



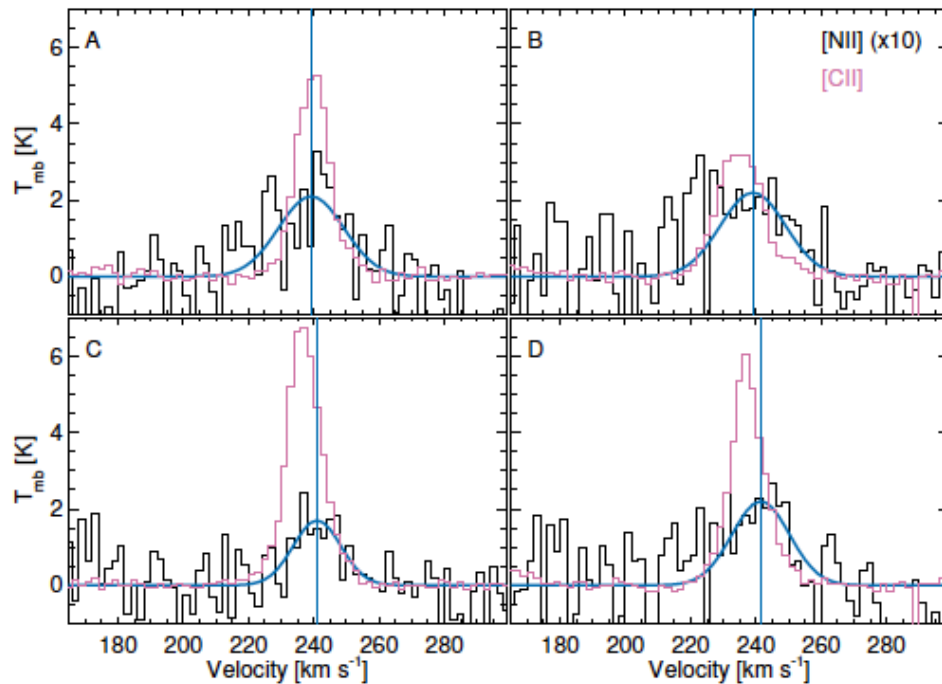
## SWbarN / Region 3



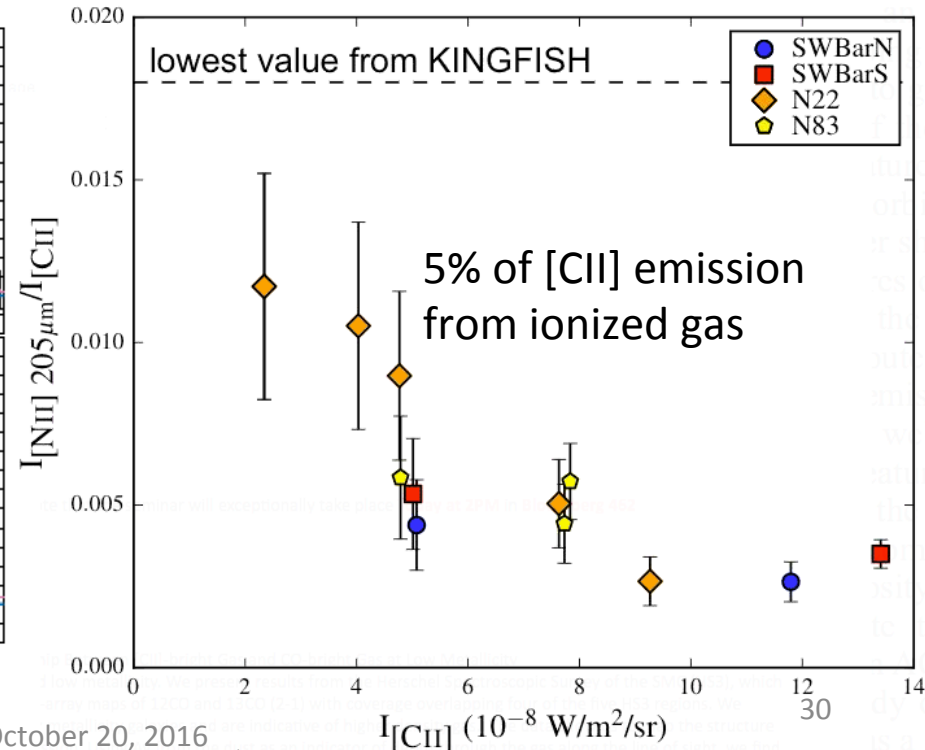
# How much [CII] comes from ionized gas?

- [CII] emission originates both in ionized and atomic/molecular gas
- [NII]/[CII] ratios can help quantify fraction of [CII] from ionized gas

Okado+2015 (N159, GREAT): 15% of [CII]

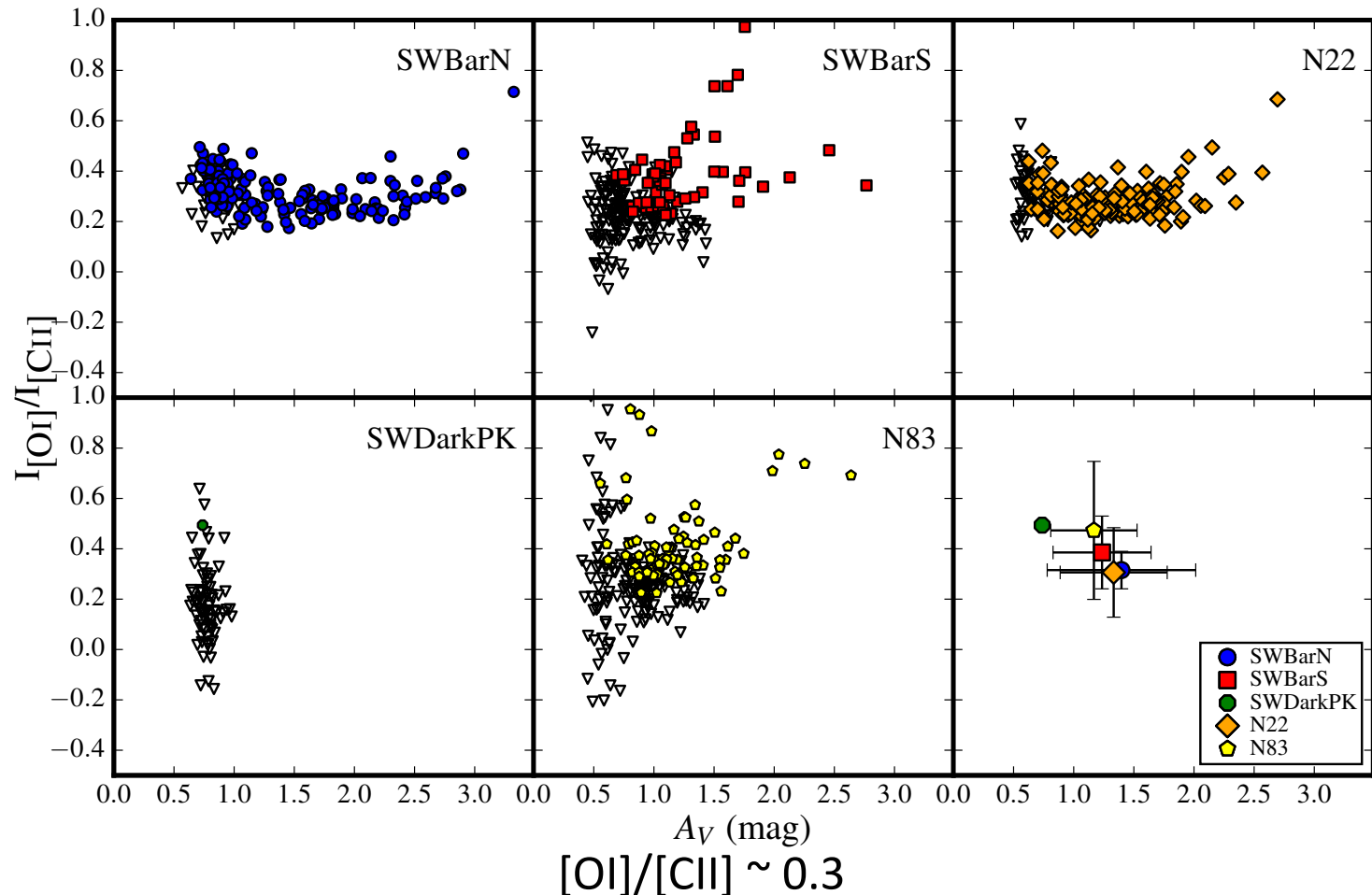


Jameson+2016 (SMC-SWBar, Herschel)

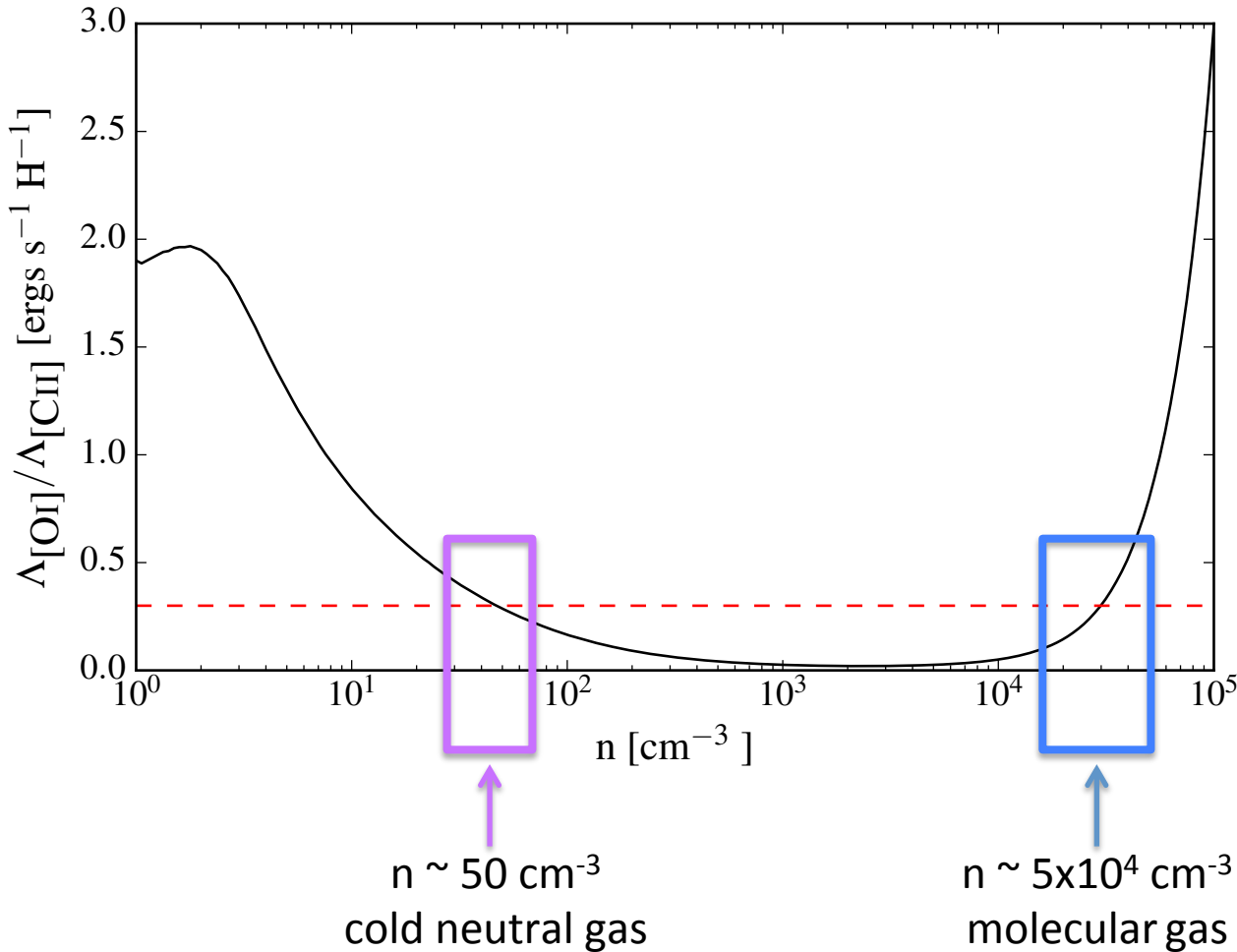


# Does [CII] trace atomic or molecular gas?

- [CII] emission originates both in ionized and atomic/molecular gas
- [OI]/[CII] ratios can help quantify fraction of [CII] from atomic gas



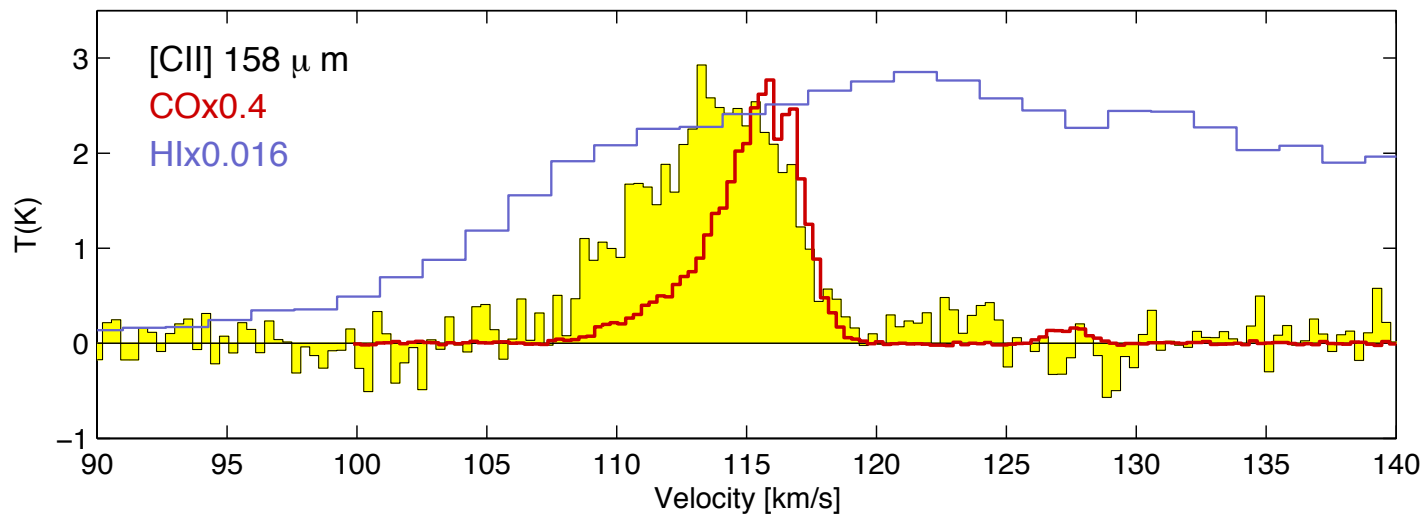
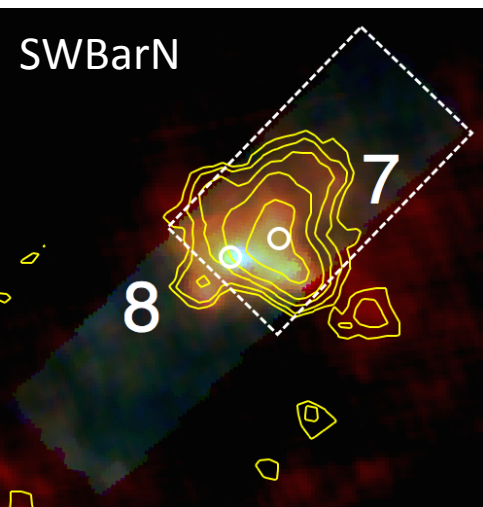
# Does [CII] trace atomic or molecular gas?



Cooling rates from  
Wolfire+ *in prep*



# Evidence that the [CII] emission originates in molecular gas



SOFIA GREAT [CII] 158  $\mu$  m line for one pointing (#7) in SWBarN

# SOFIA in LMC/SMC

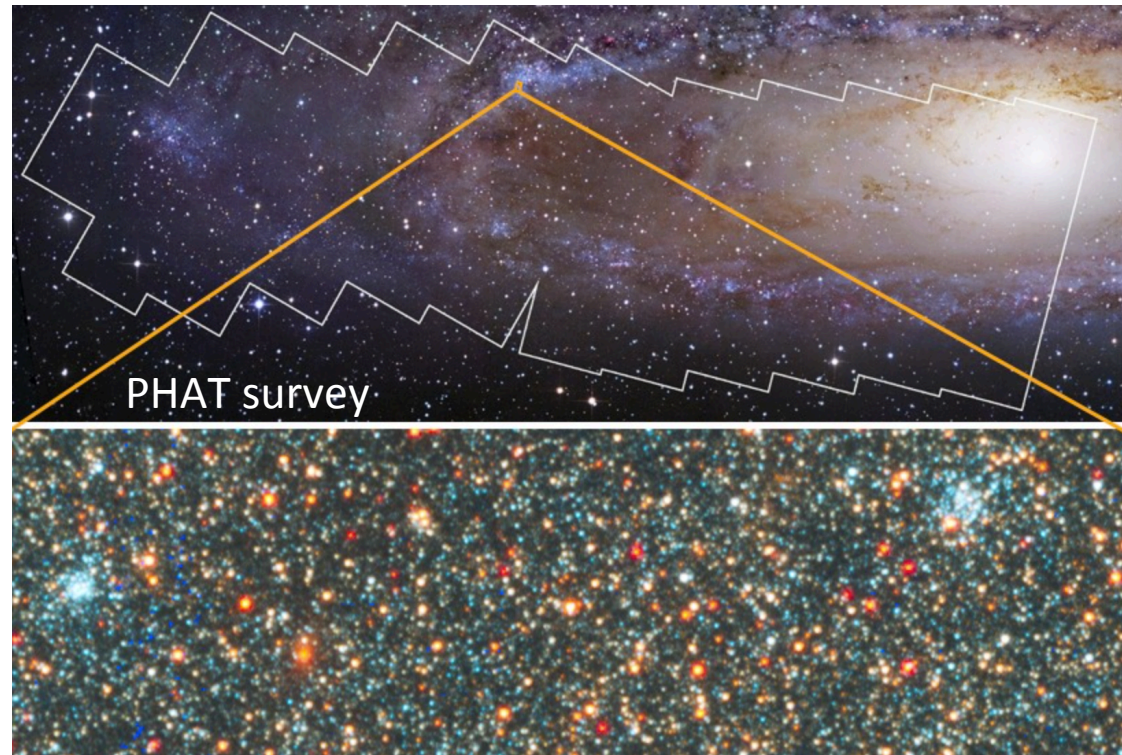
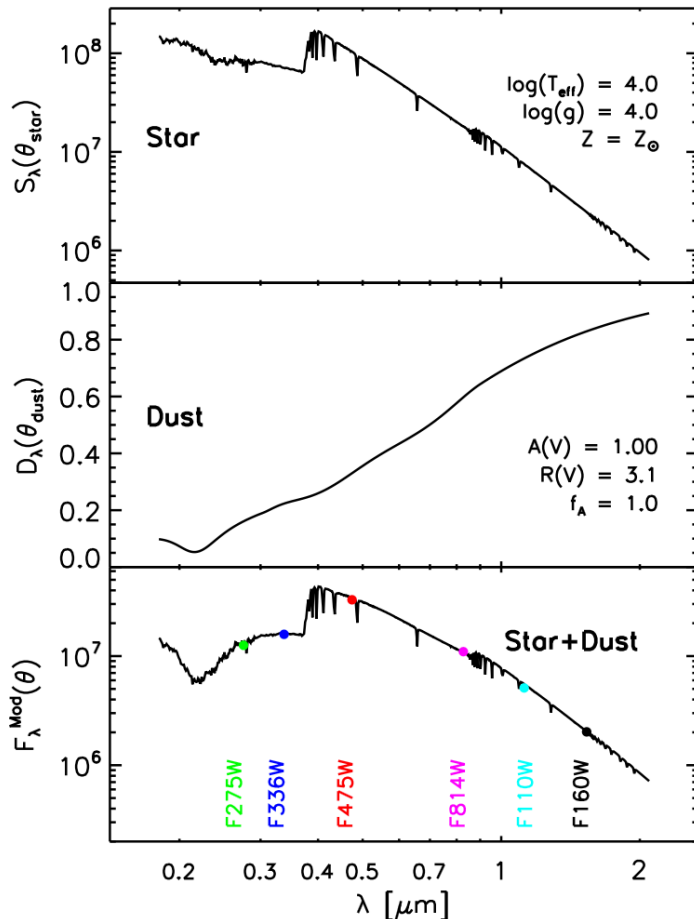
Large systematic uncertainties on dust emission-based molecular gas

→ SOFIA/(up)GREAT in more regions!

# Tracing the ISM at sub-cloud scales with extinction

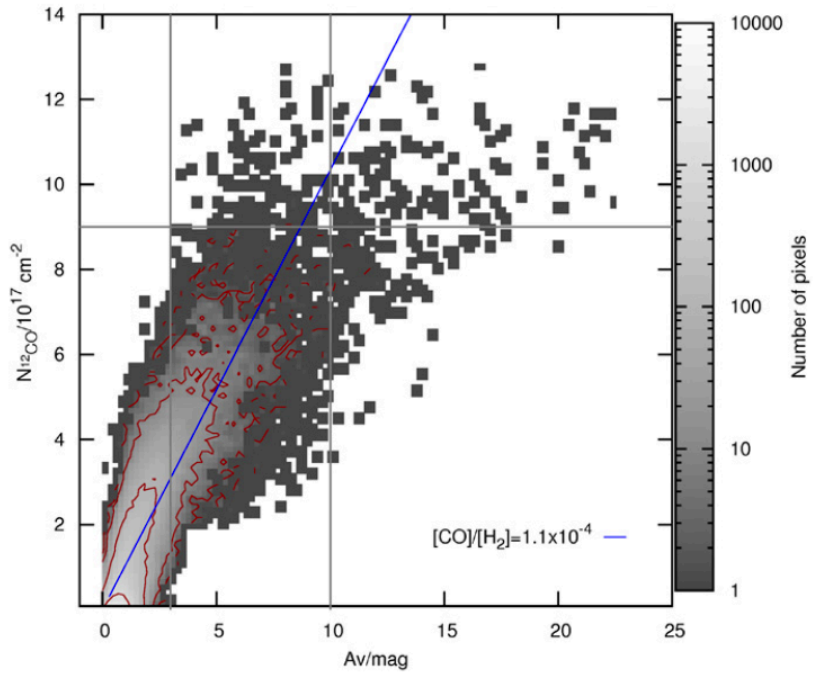
# Extinction mapping with HST

- High-resolution, deep extinction mapping with multi-band HST imaging (WFC3+ACS)
  - Dalcanton+2013, Gordon+2016
- Fit SED toward each star with dust+stellar atmosphere model



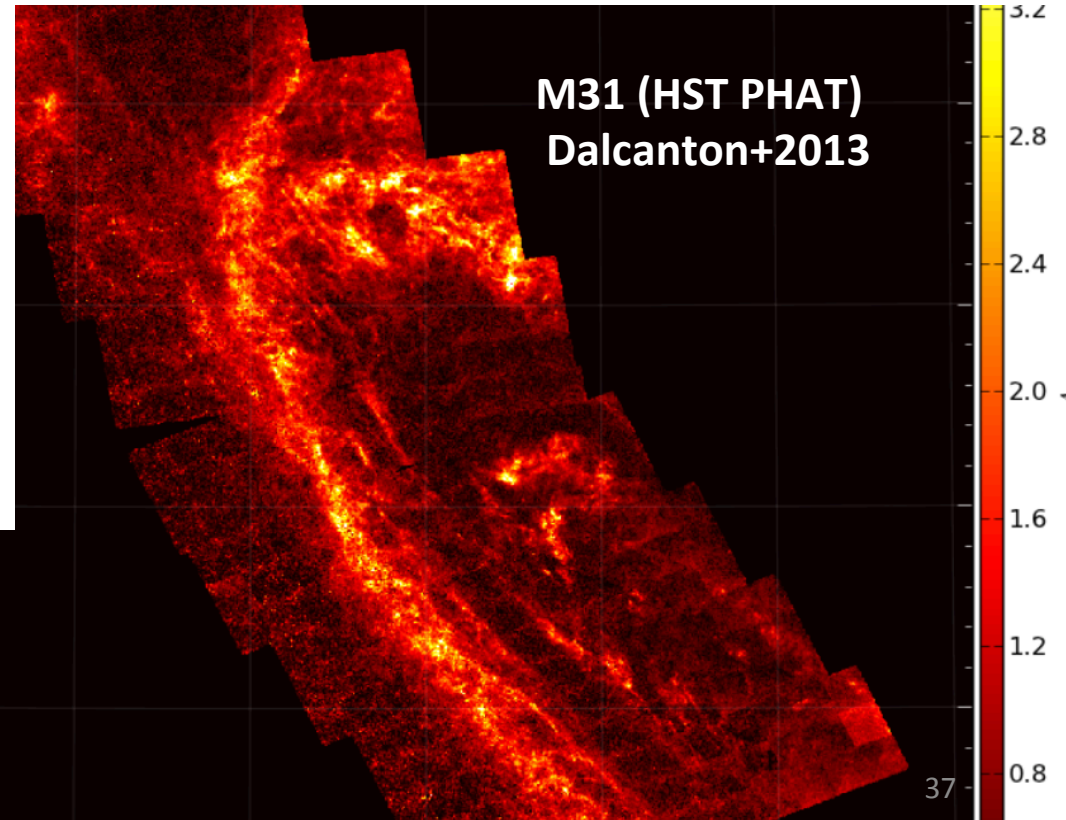
# Probing ISM structure with HST and ALMA

- Fit geometrical model to ensemble of individual  $A_V$  toward each stars (Dalcanton+2013) to derive extinction maps
- Trace CO at similar resolution with ALMA



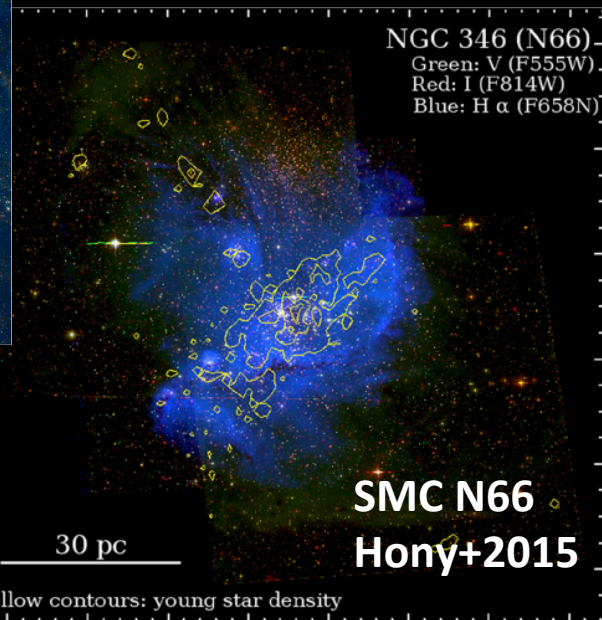
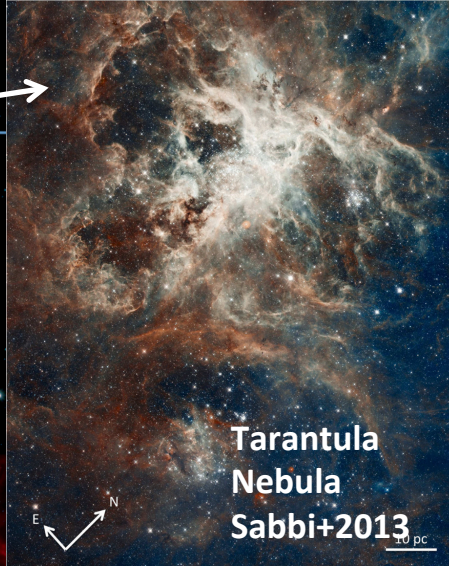
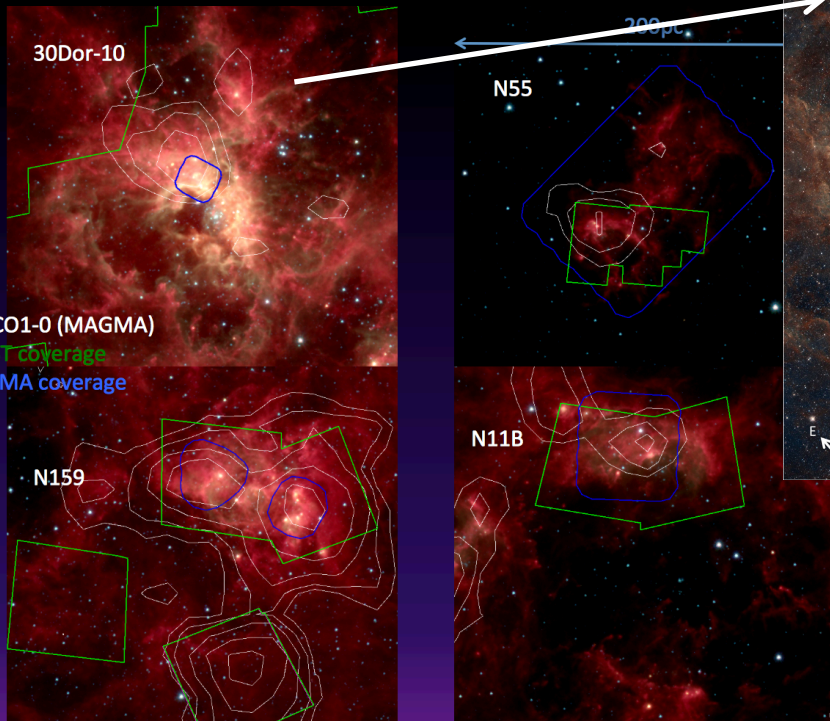
Pineda+2010 (Taurus)  
Extinction from 2MASS

+41.4°

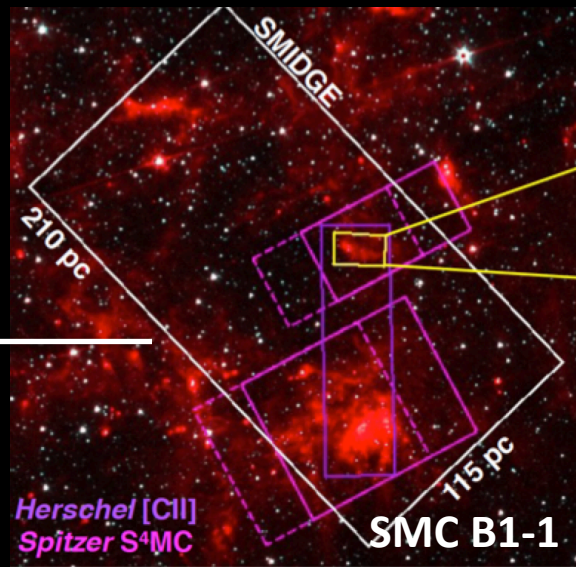


# HST/ALMA Synergy

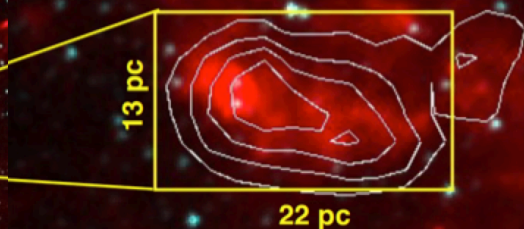
LMC



SMC B1-1  
HST WFC3+ACS  
PI Sandstrom



Proposed ALMA Band 6 coverage



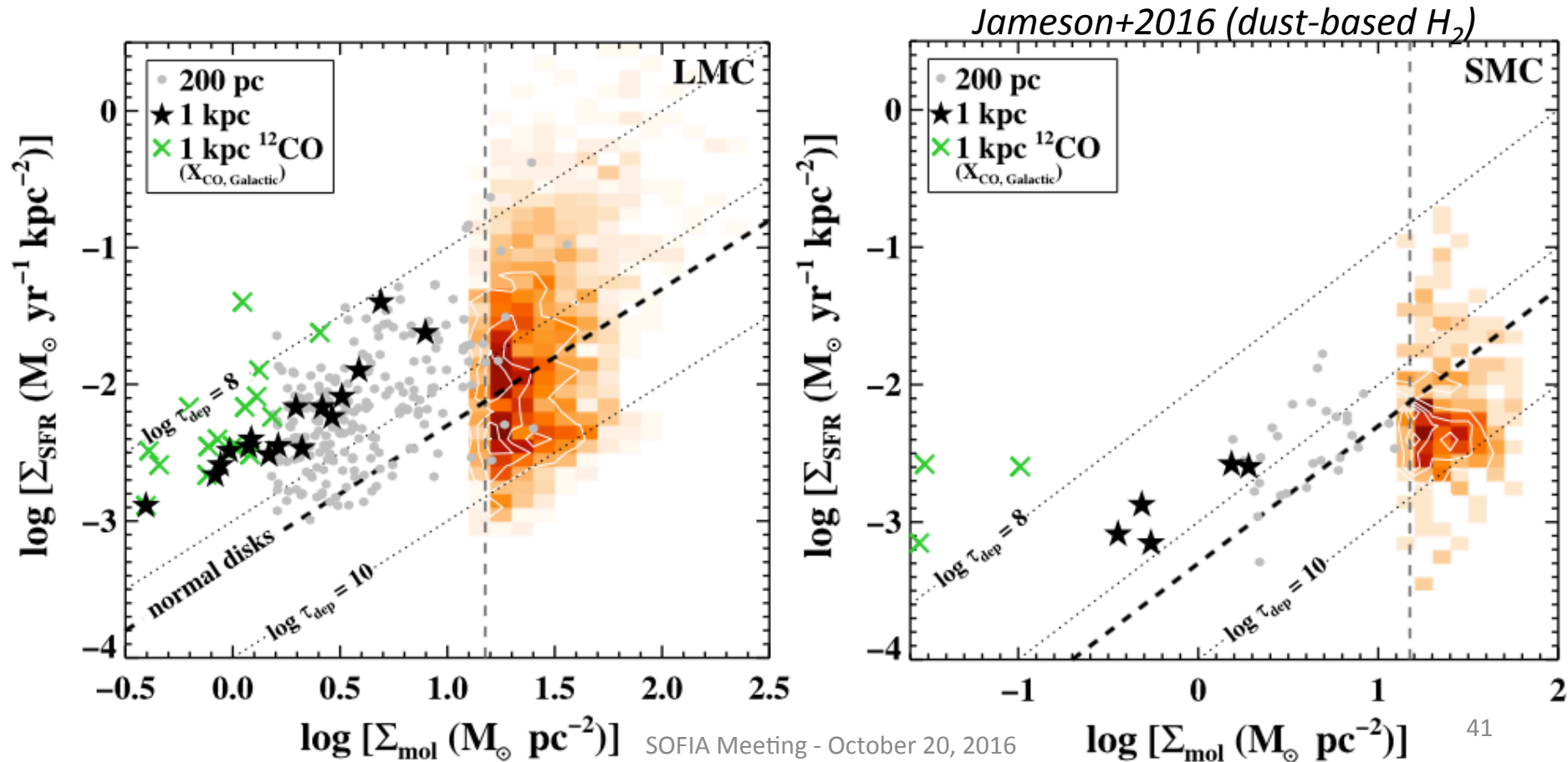
**The Truth may not be so local  
anymore!**

# Effects of Metallicity on kpc-scale star formation relation



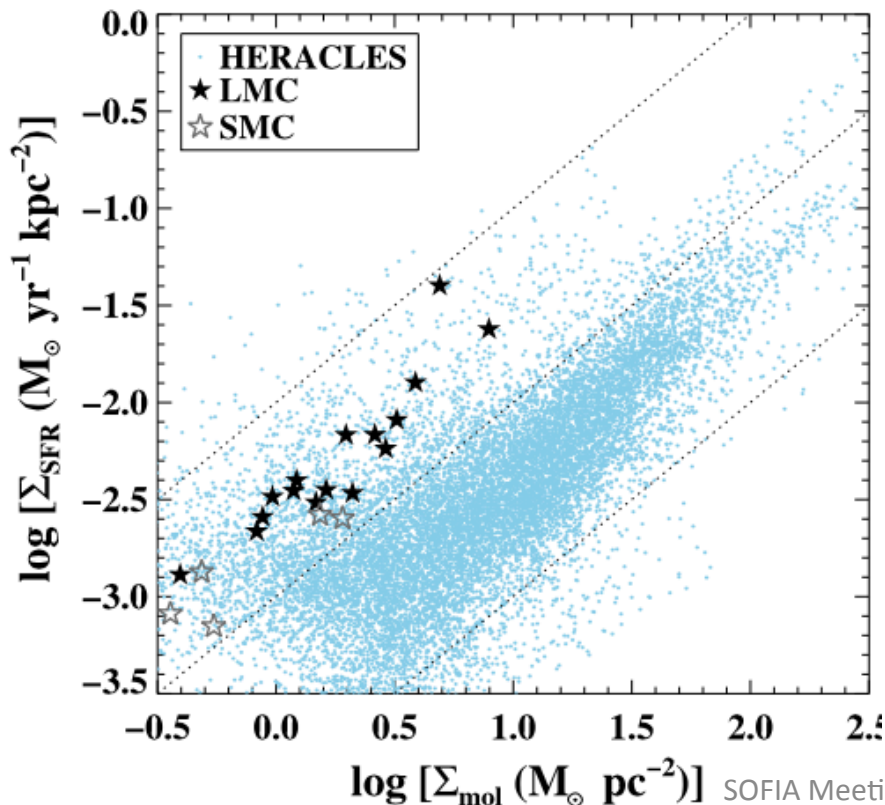
# Effects of metallicity on SF timescales

- Trace  $H_2$  from dust (FIR) or FIR fine structure line ([CII], [NII], [OI]) from SOFIA/Herschel
- Trace SF from MIR and  $H\alpha$  (or YSOs)

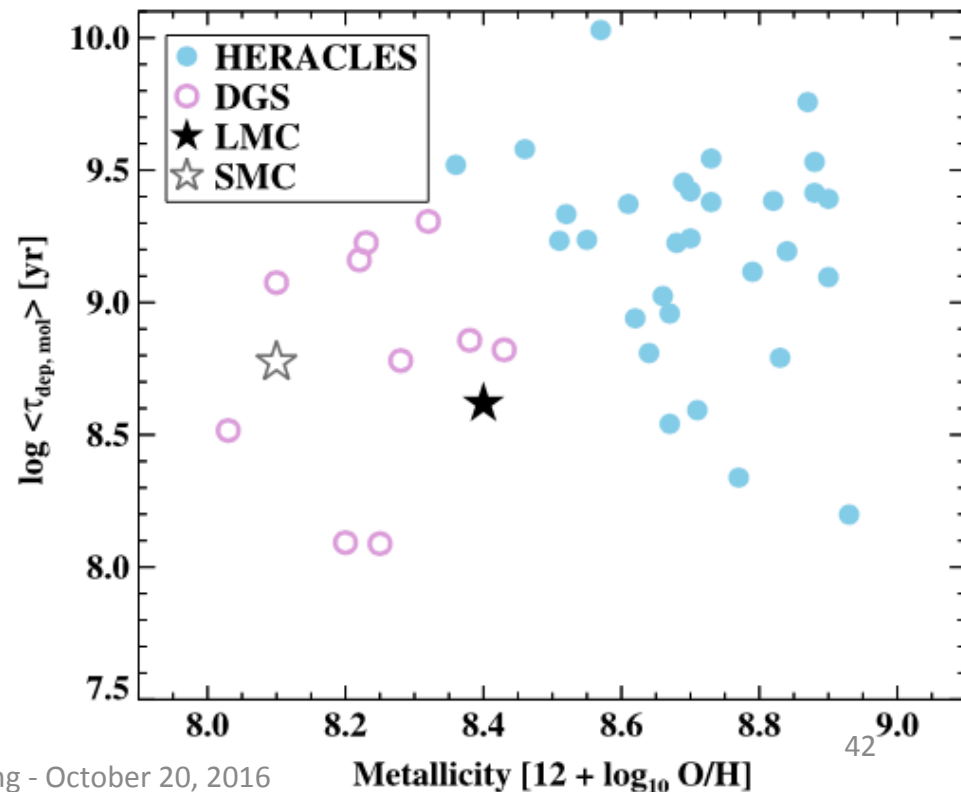


# Effects of metallicity on SF timescales

- Molecular depletion times on 1 kpc scale in LMC and SMC (0.5 Gyr) are slightly shorter than in disk galaxies (2 Gyr), possibly indicating a recent burst in SF
- No clear dependence on metallicity

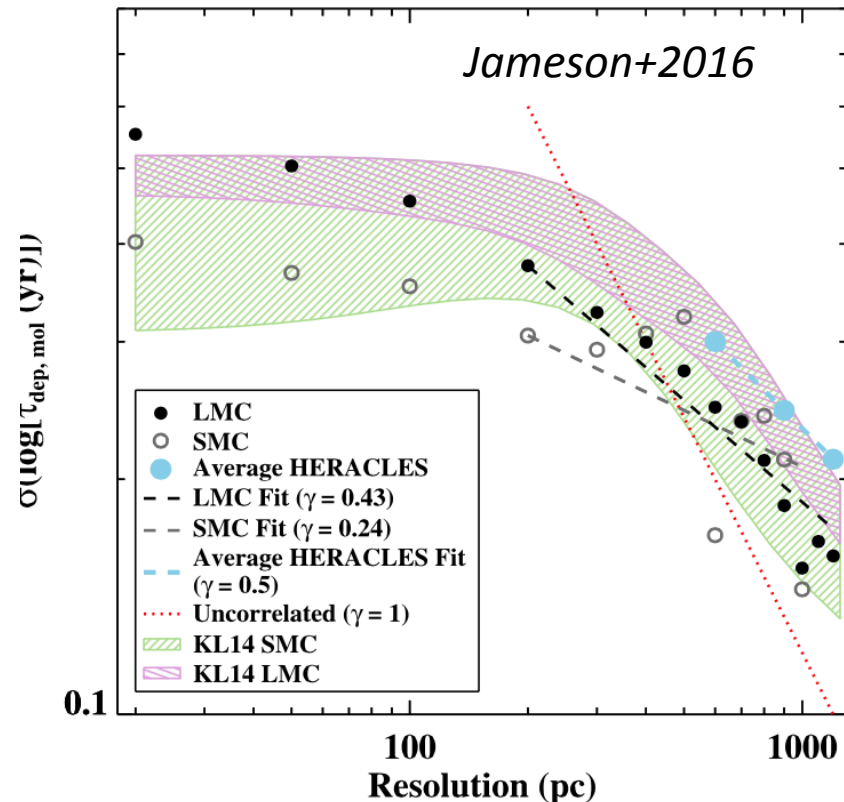
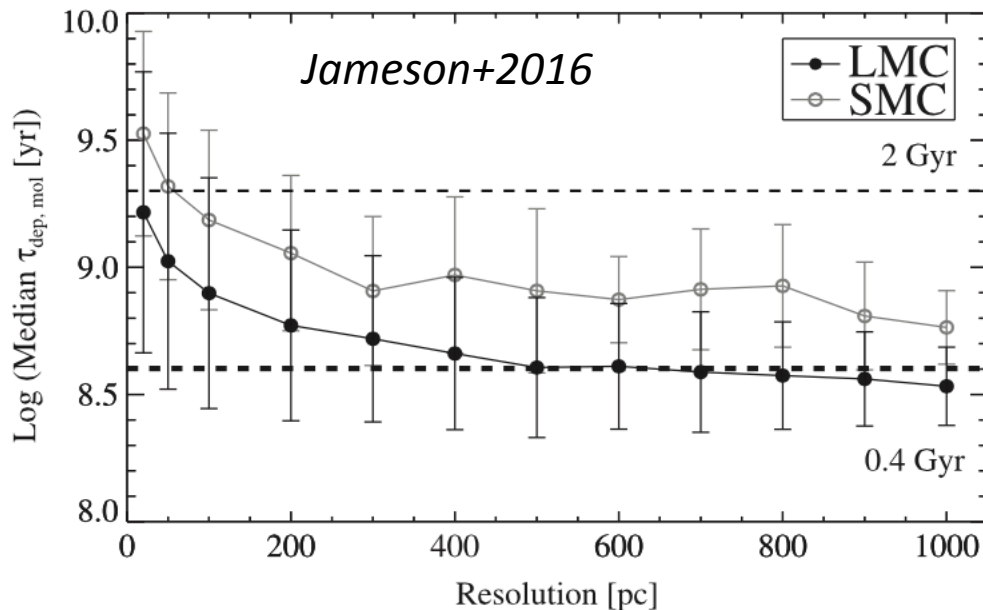


*Jameson+2016 (dust-based  $H_2$ )*



# SF timescales vs resolution

- LMC/SMC are the rare galaxies where we can estimate the effects of resolution on the SF relation
- Variations of  $\tau_{\text{dep}}$  and  $\sigma(\tau_{\text{dep}})$  due to spatial separation of gas and SFR tracers and sampling of different evolutionary stages of SF (Kruijssen & Longmore 2014)

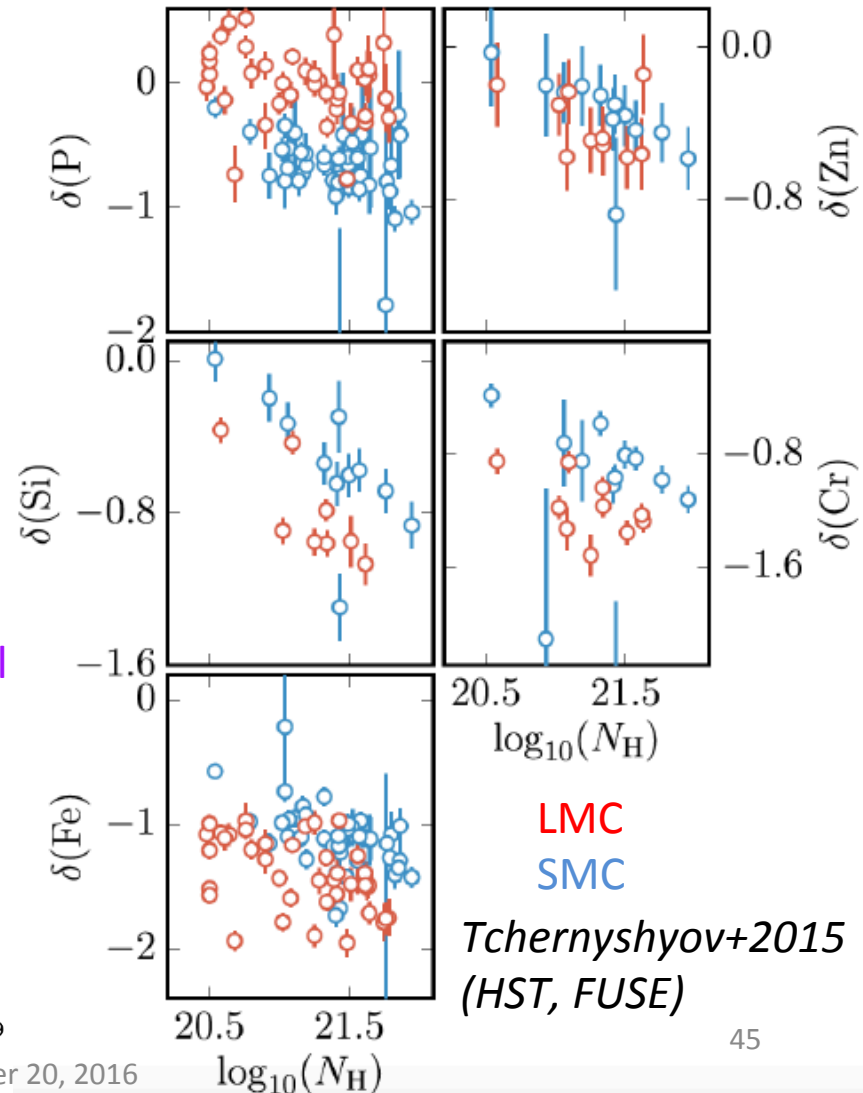
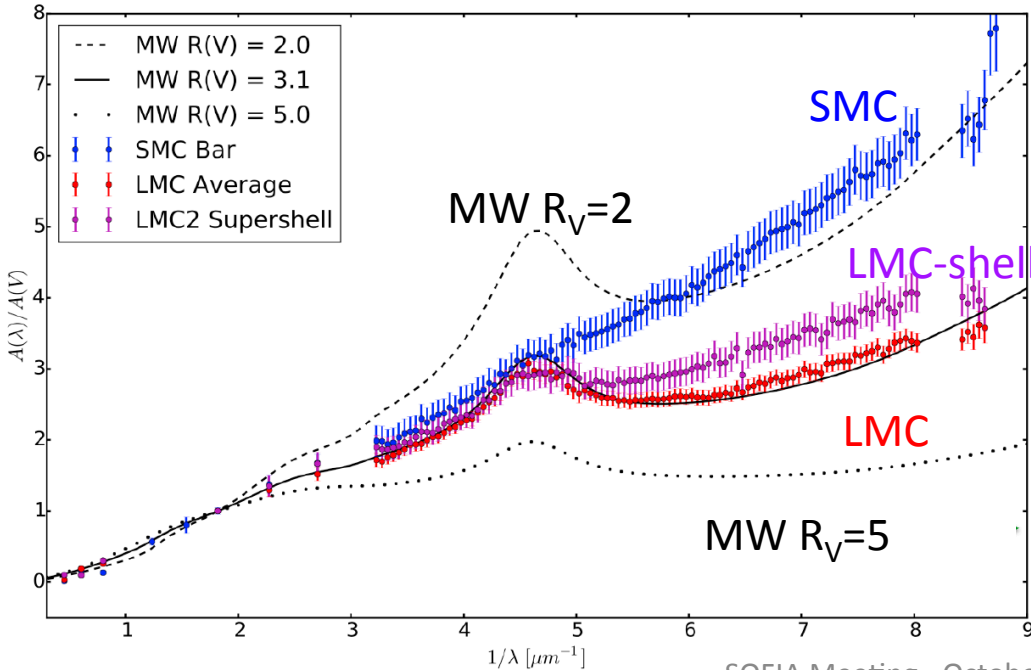


# **Variations of Dust Properties with Metallicity: systematic uncertainties on gas mass estimates**

# Dust properties in the LMC and SMC

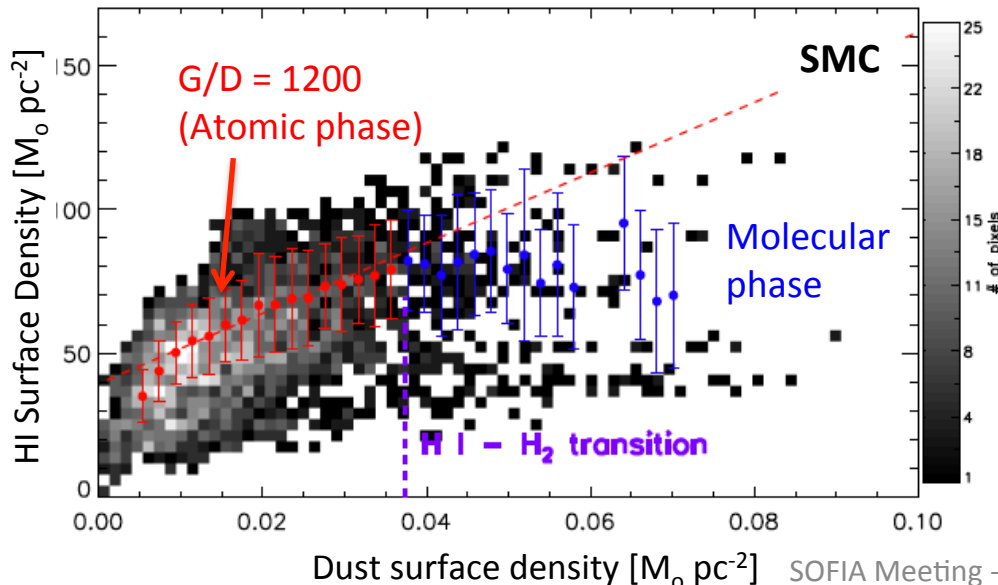
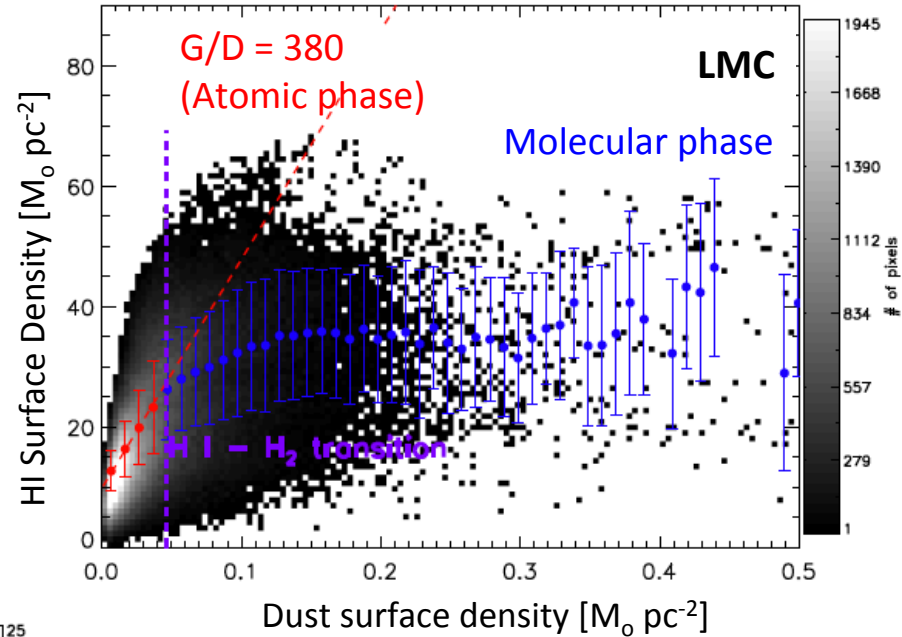
- Dust properties in LMC and SMC differ from MW
  - Extinction curves
  - Depletions
  - FIR SED (spectral emissivity index)
- Significantly affects radiative transfer, shielding, and therefore SF

Dust extinction curve differences (Gordon+2003)



# G/D in the LMC and SMC

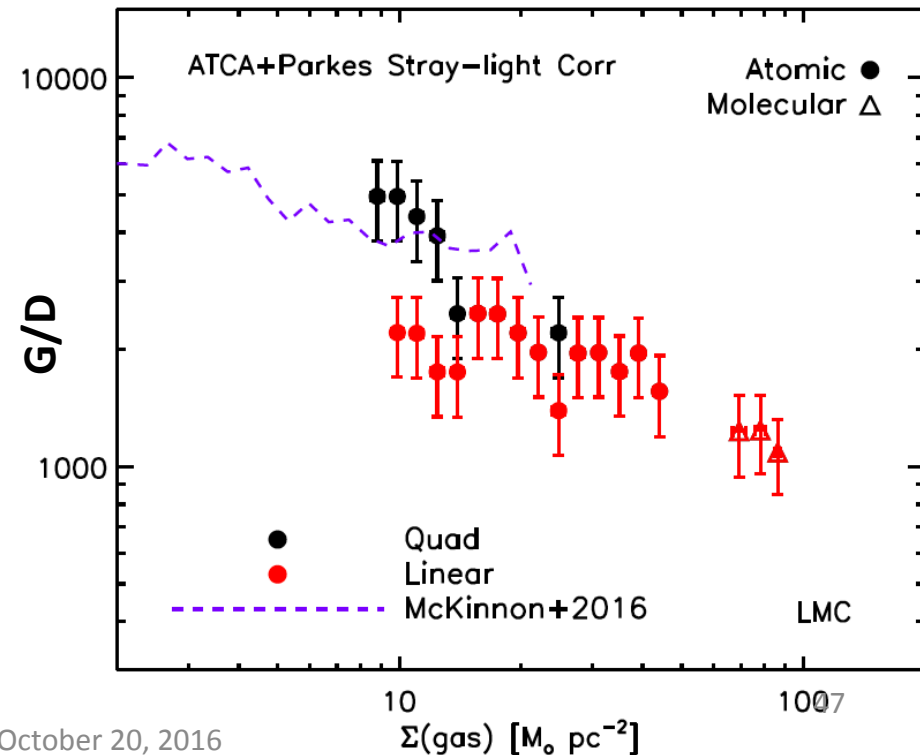
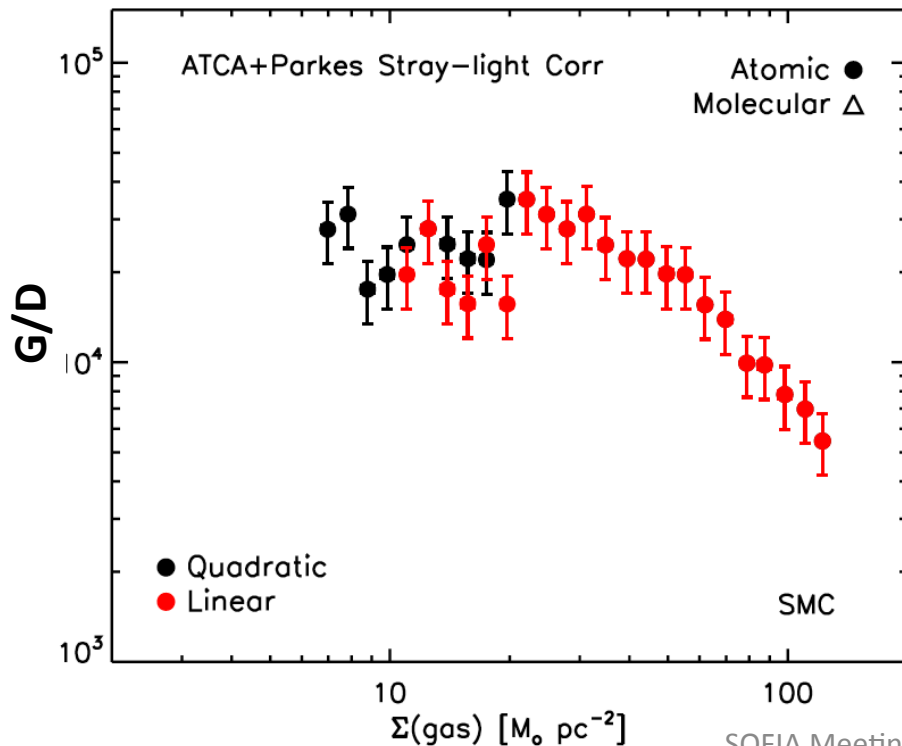
- Dust-to-gas ratio increases non-linearly with metallicity?
  - LMC:  $G/D = 380 \pm 150$
  - SMC:  $G/D = 1200 \pm 400$
- Large systematic uncertainties on emission-based G/D affects ability to estimate  $H_2$  in low-Z galaxies



Roman-Duval+2014  
 Herschel HERITAGE key-project  
 PACS 100, 160  $\mu\text{m}$   
 SPIRE 250, 350, 500  $\mu\text{m}$

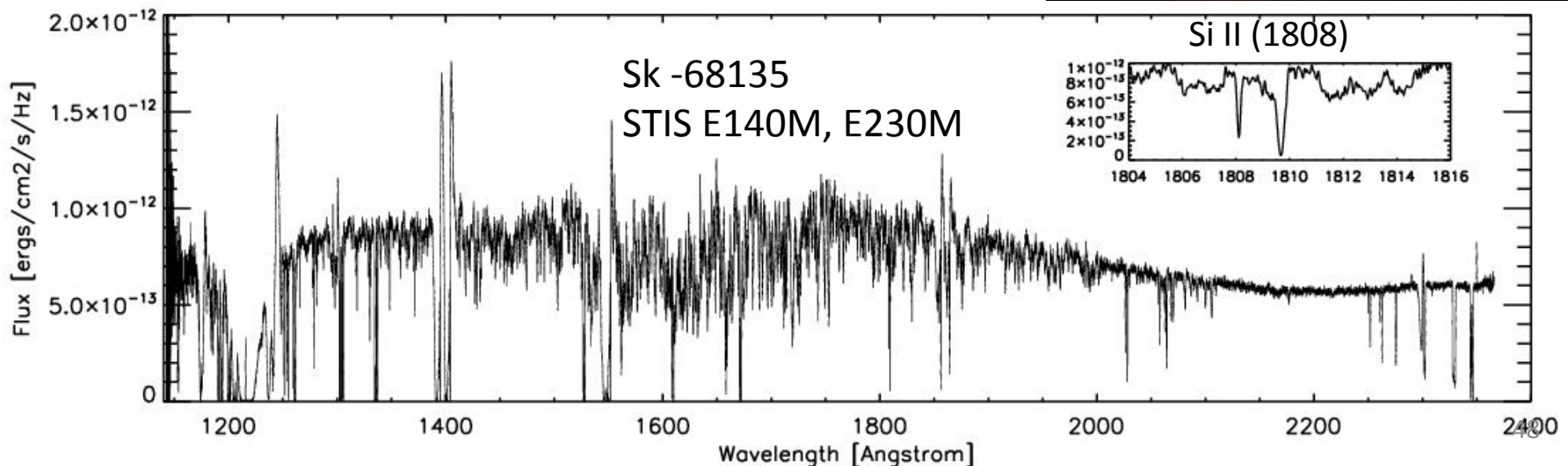
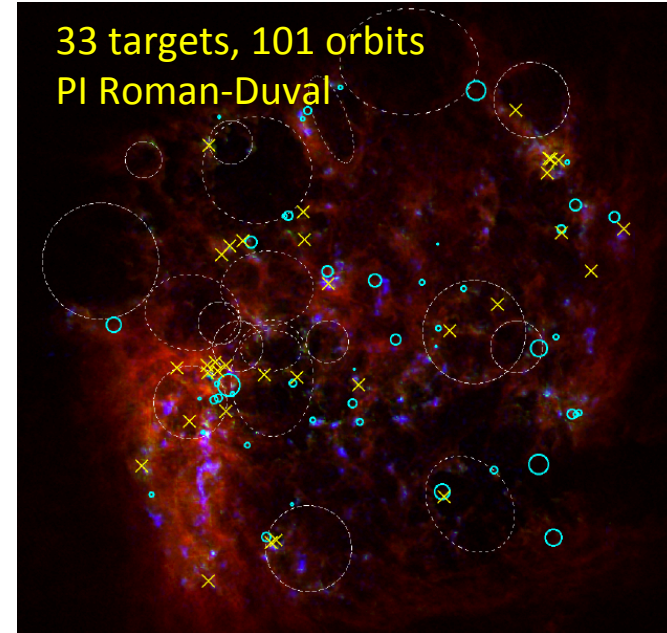
# G/D vs Surface Density

- Dust-to-gas ratio variations with surface density (Roman-Duval+, in prep)
  - Obtained from stacked Planck data
  - Surface density range bridges ISM and CGM
- **WARNING: Dust-based H<sub>2</sub> masses assume constant G/D!!!!**



# Metal Evolution and TrAnsport in the Large Magellanic Cloud (METAL)

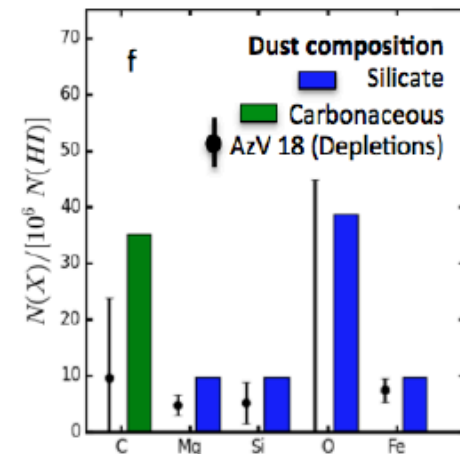
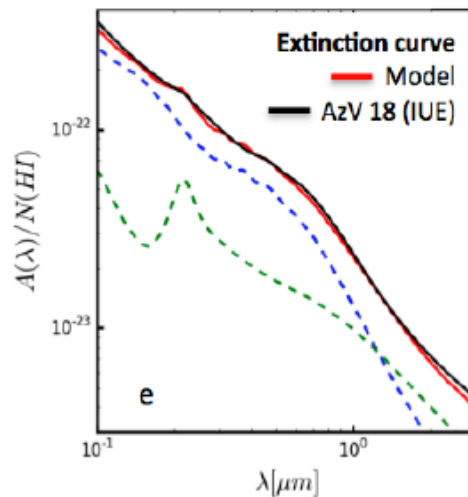
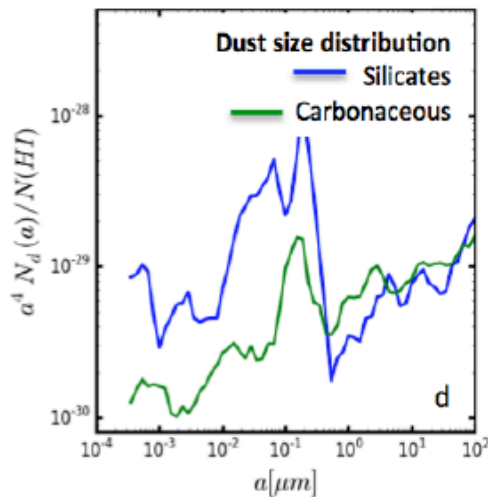
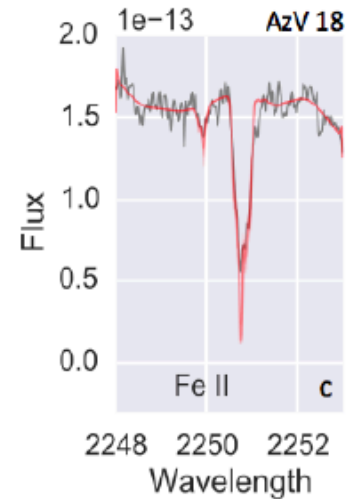
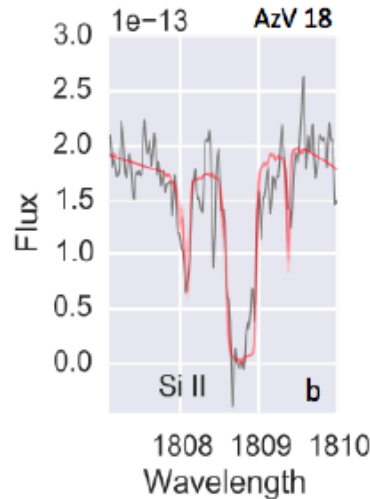
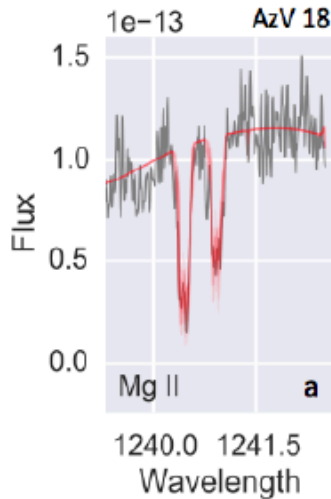
- Systematic uncertainties on FIR dust emission-based G/D estimation is large (emissivity/mass degeneracy)
  - FIR emissivity environmental variations poorly constrained (factor of 2-3)
- FIR emission does not constrain dust composition
- Probe dust abundance and composition with HST UV absorption spectroscopy ( $A_V < 1.2$ )





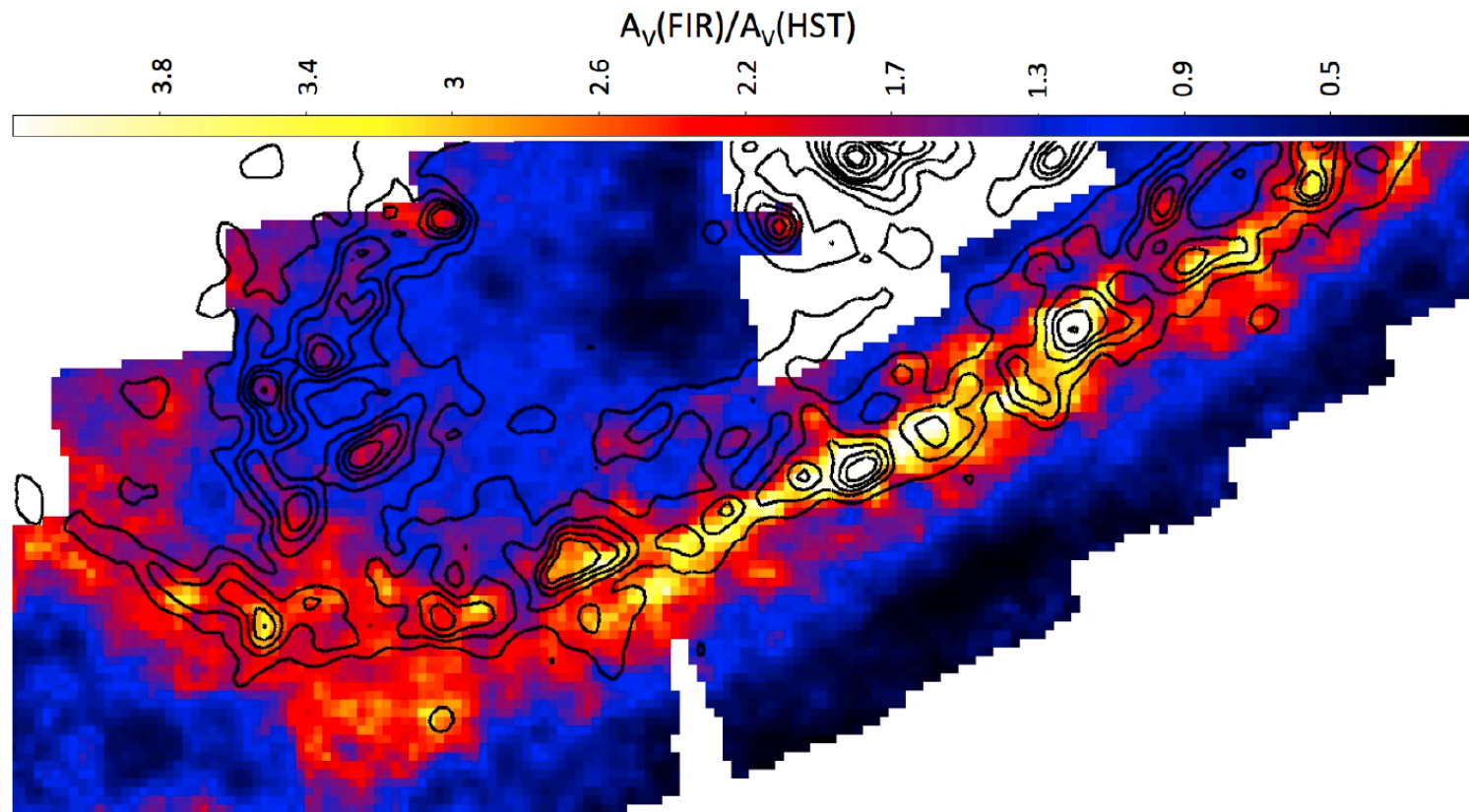
# Dust Composition and Size with METAL

METAL will constrain how dust abundance and composition varies with environment within the LMC and how it differs from the SMC and MW



# FIR emissivity mapping

- WFC3 images in UV-NIR will provide extinction maps
- Comparison to Herschel FIR emission will yield dust FIR emissivity

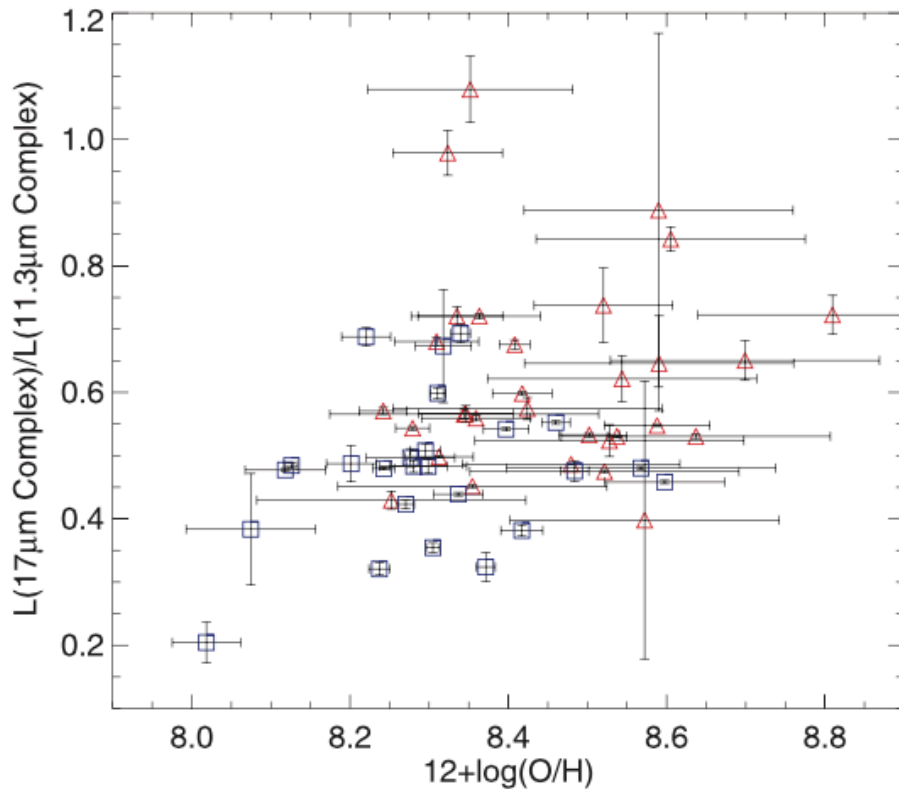


M31 (PHAT)  
Gordon+2016  
Arab+, in prep

# What next?

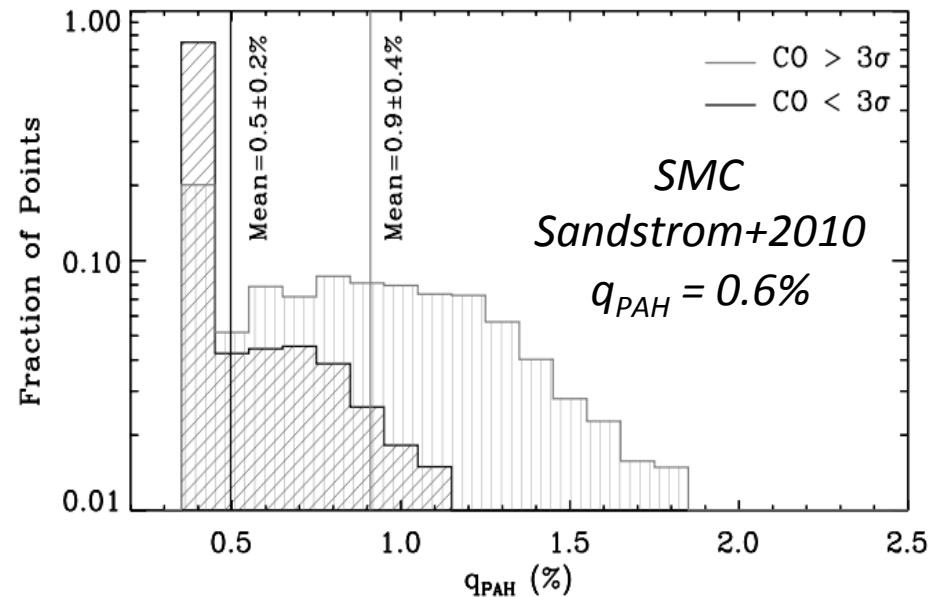
# PAH Properties in the LMC/SMC?

- Characterize 7.7  $\mu\text{m}/11.3 \mu\text{m}$  with FORCAST spectroscopy?
  - Environmental dependence (radiation field, surface density)
- SMC has Spitzer/IRS spectroscopic observations, LMC more limited

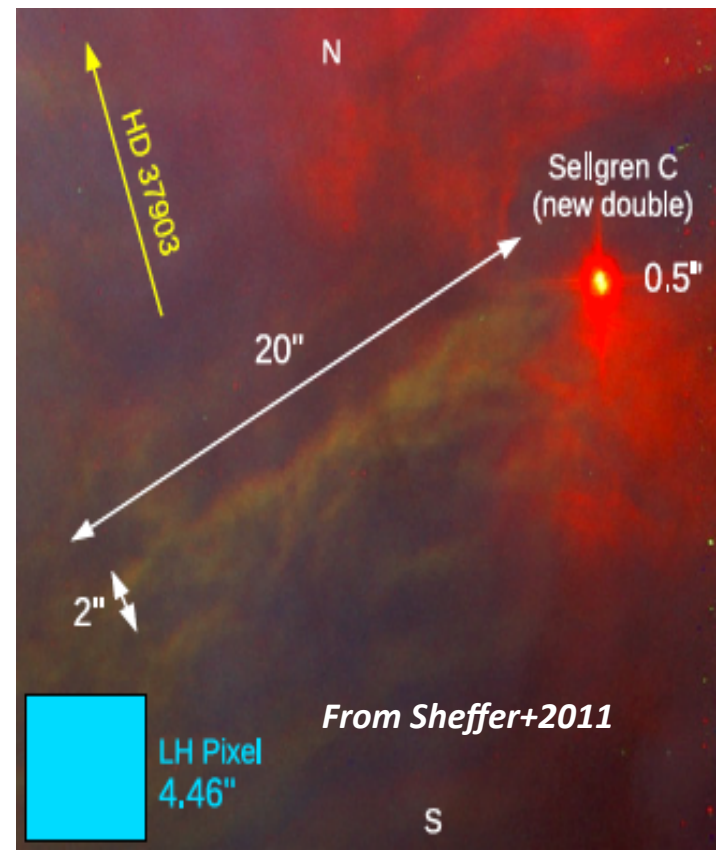
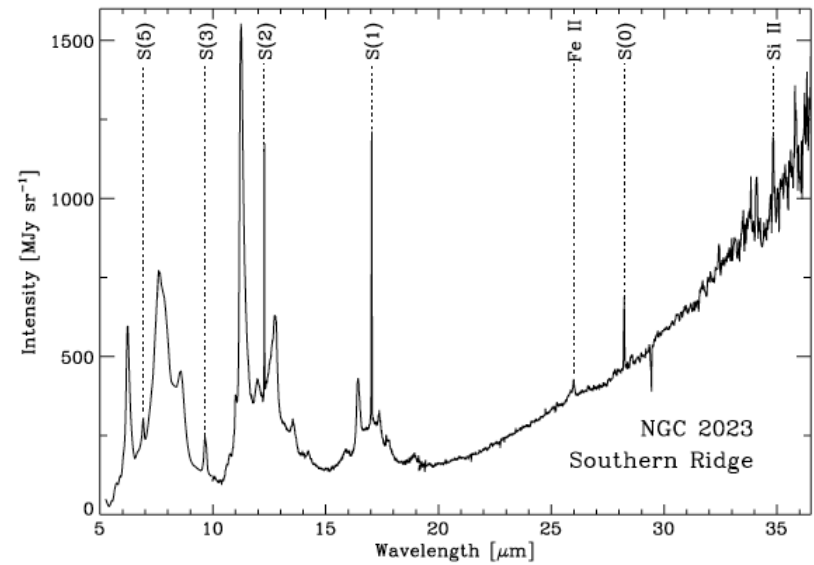
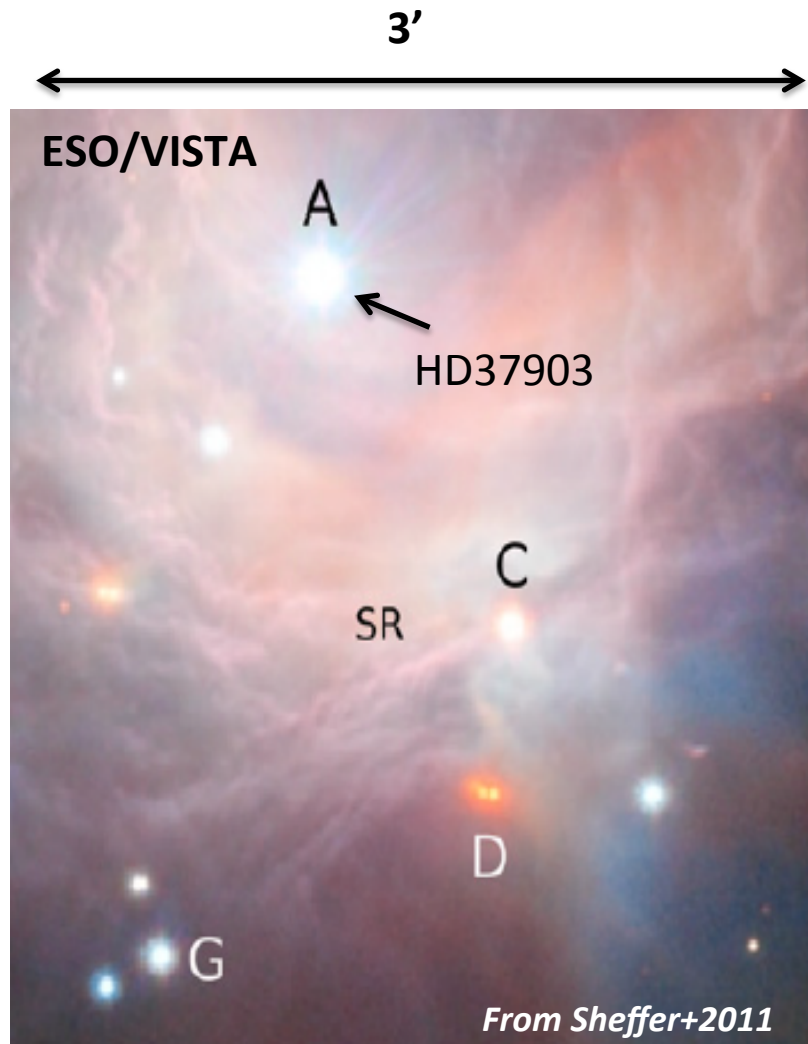


Smith+2008

Spitzer/IRS spectroscopy from SINGS  
survey (Kennicutt+2003)

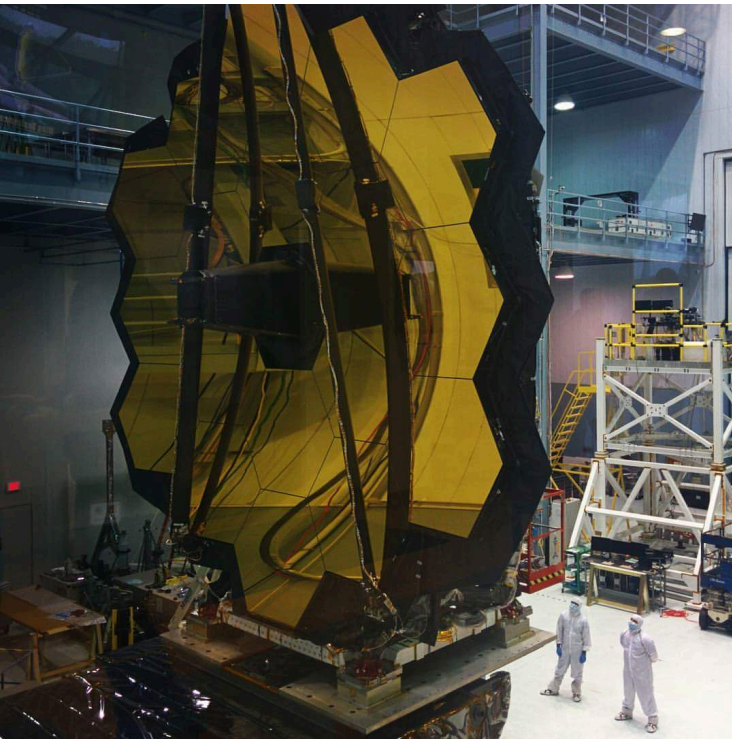


# PDRs with JWST

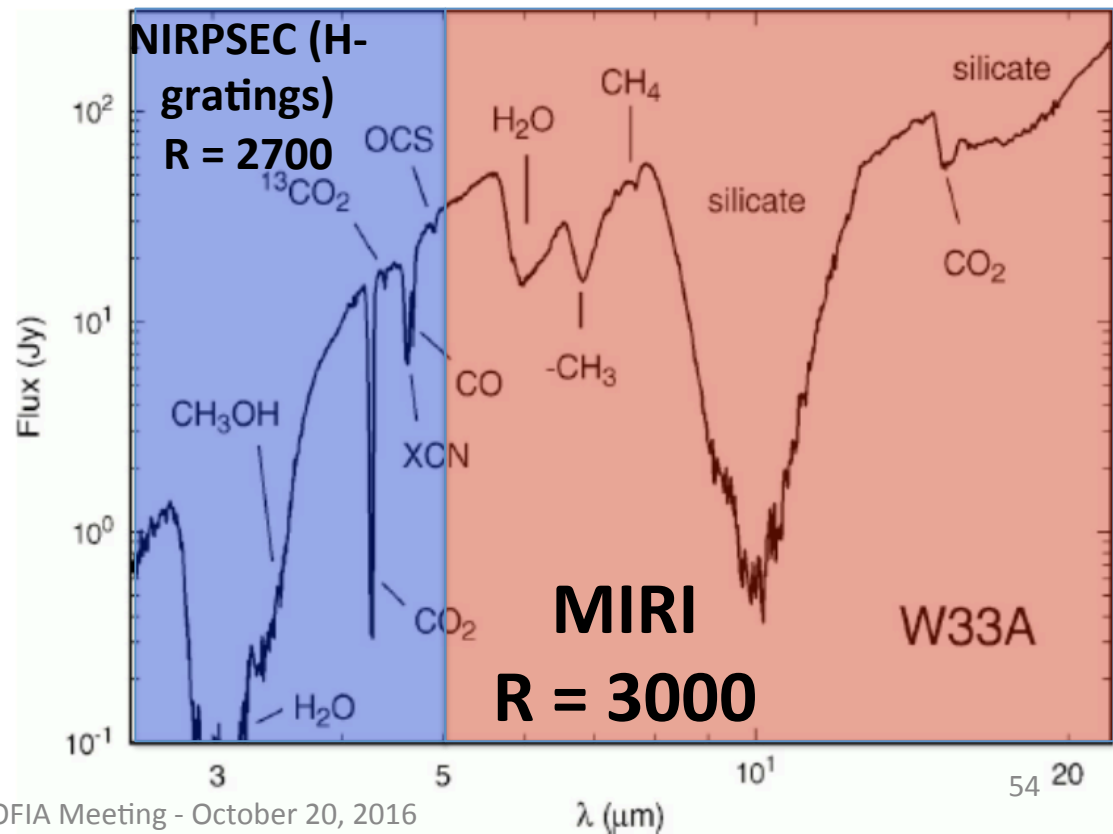


# Dust and ices with JWST

JWST launch is 2 years away!



NIR-MIR spectral maps of molecular clouds to characterize dust composition, PAHs, ices...



**This is not the end!**

**Thank you**